



# Effective Soundness-Guided Reflection Analysis

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*Complier Research Group @ UNSW, Australia*

September 10, 2015

*SAS 2015  
Saint-Malo*

Static analysis for OO in practice ?

# Static analysis for OO in practice ?

re re re ... reflection !



```
Class Person {  
    void setName(String nm) {...};  
    ... ..  
}
```

```
Person p = new Person();  
p.setName("John");
```

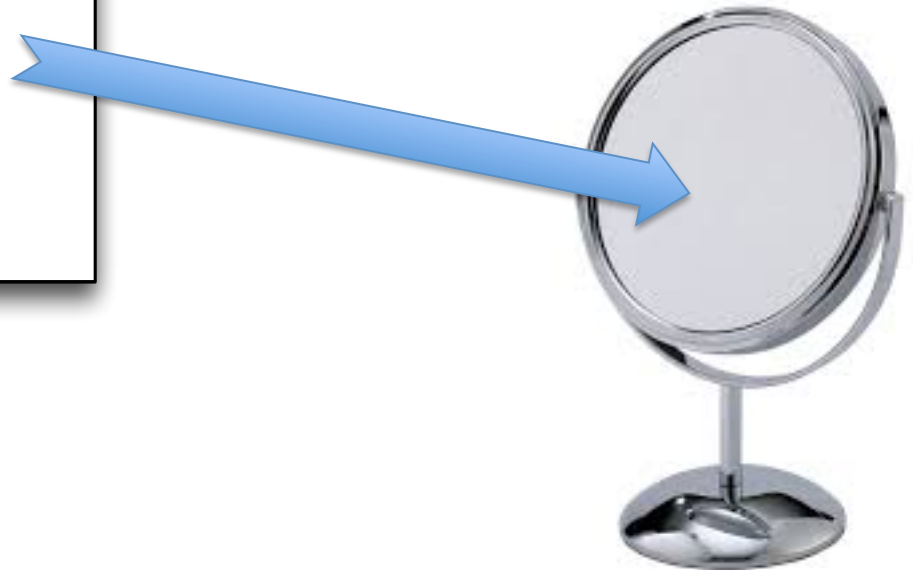
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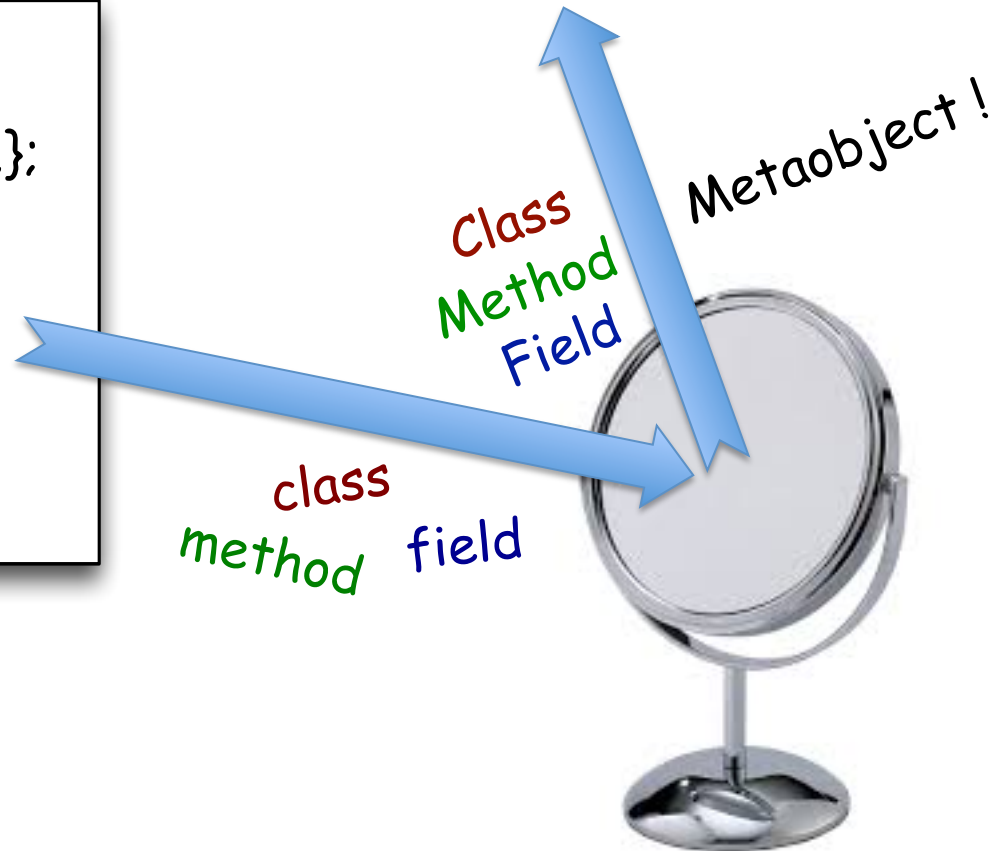
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**class**  
*method* field



```
Class Person {  
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    ... ..  
}
```

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Person p = new Person();  
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```
Class c = Class.forName("Person");  
Method m = c.getMethod("setName", ...);  
  
Object p = c.newInstance();  
m.invoke(p, "John");
```

```

Class Person {
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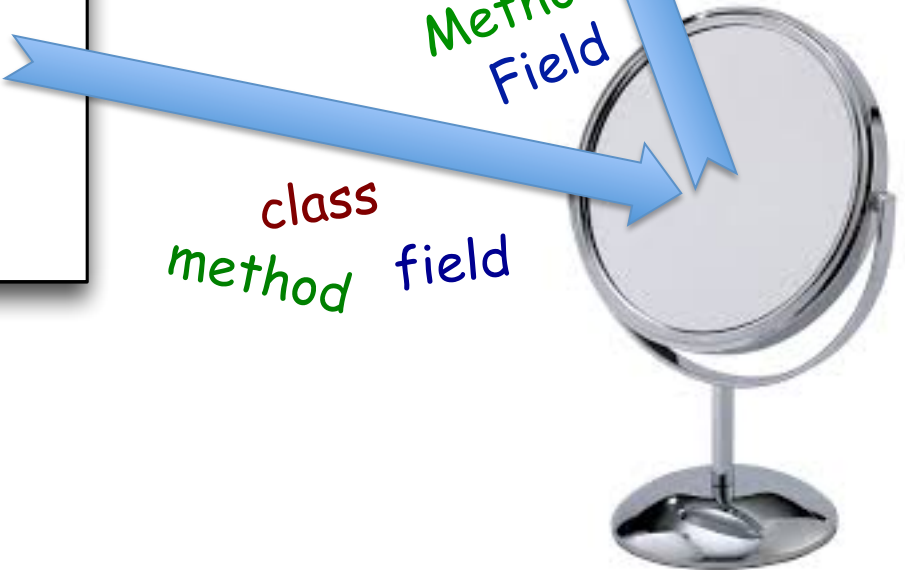
```

A blue arrow points from the word "class" to the word "Field".

Diagram illustrating the relationship between a class and its methods/fields. A blue arrow points from the word "class" to a box containing "Class", "Method", and "Field". Another blue arrow points from the box to the word "Me".

Diagram illustrating the relationship between a Class and a Metaobject:

- A blue arrow points from the word **class** to a box labeled **Metaobject!**.
- Another blue arrow points from the box **Metaobject!** to a box containing the terms **Class**, **Method**, and **Field**.



```
Class c = Class.forName("Person");  
Method m = c.getMethod("setName", ...);  
  
Object p = c.newInstance();  
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```

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    ... ..  
}
```

**Compile Time**

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```

Class  
Method  
Field

Metaobject !

class  
method  
field

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**class**  
**method** **field**

**Class**  
**Method**  
**Field**

Metaobject !



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**Runtime**

Class  
Method  
Field

class  
method field

Metaobject !

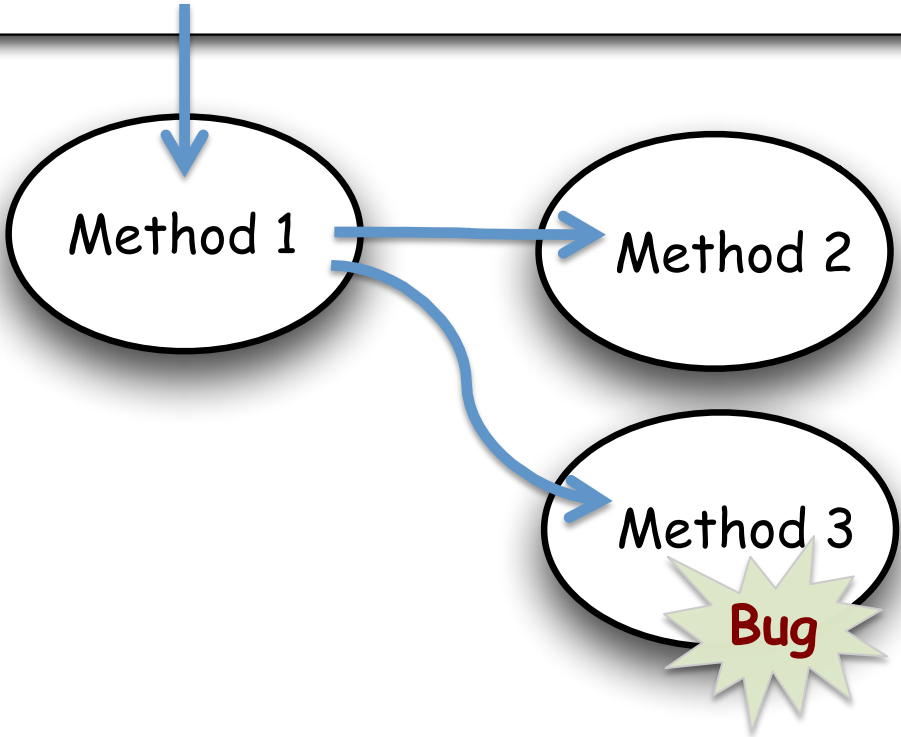


## Bug Detection

```
Class c = Class.forName(cName);  
Method m = c.getMethod(mName, ...);  
A a = new A();  
m.invoke(a, ...);
```

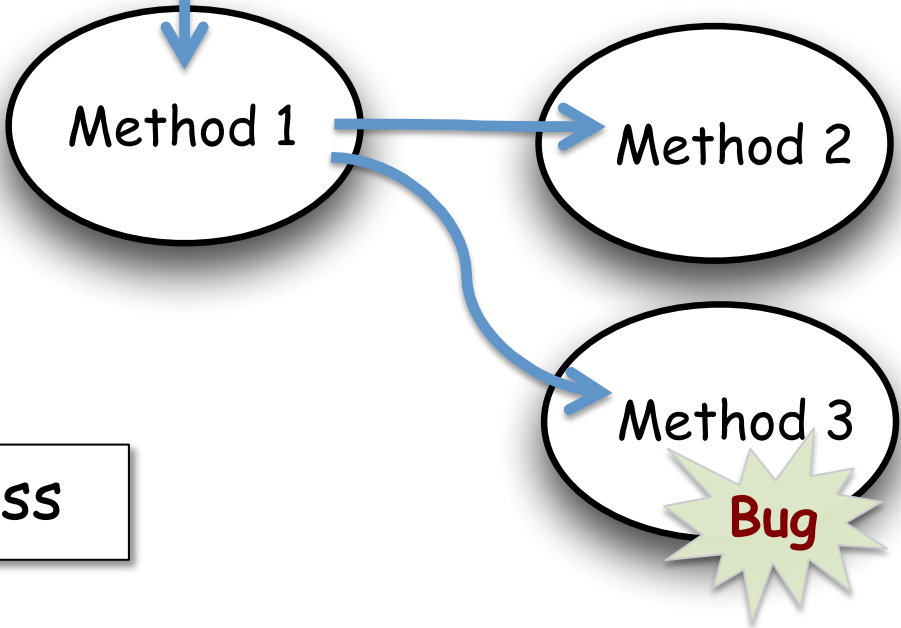
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Soundness

Soundness





# Soundness

ECOOP'14

ICSE'11

OOPSLA'09

APLAS'05



**WALA**  
T. J. WATSON LIBRARIES FOR ANALYSIS

**ELF**

**DOOP**

**bddbbdb**  
OVER ONE QUARTTUORDECILLION RELATIONS SERVED



Soundness

Best-Effort

ECOOP'14

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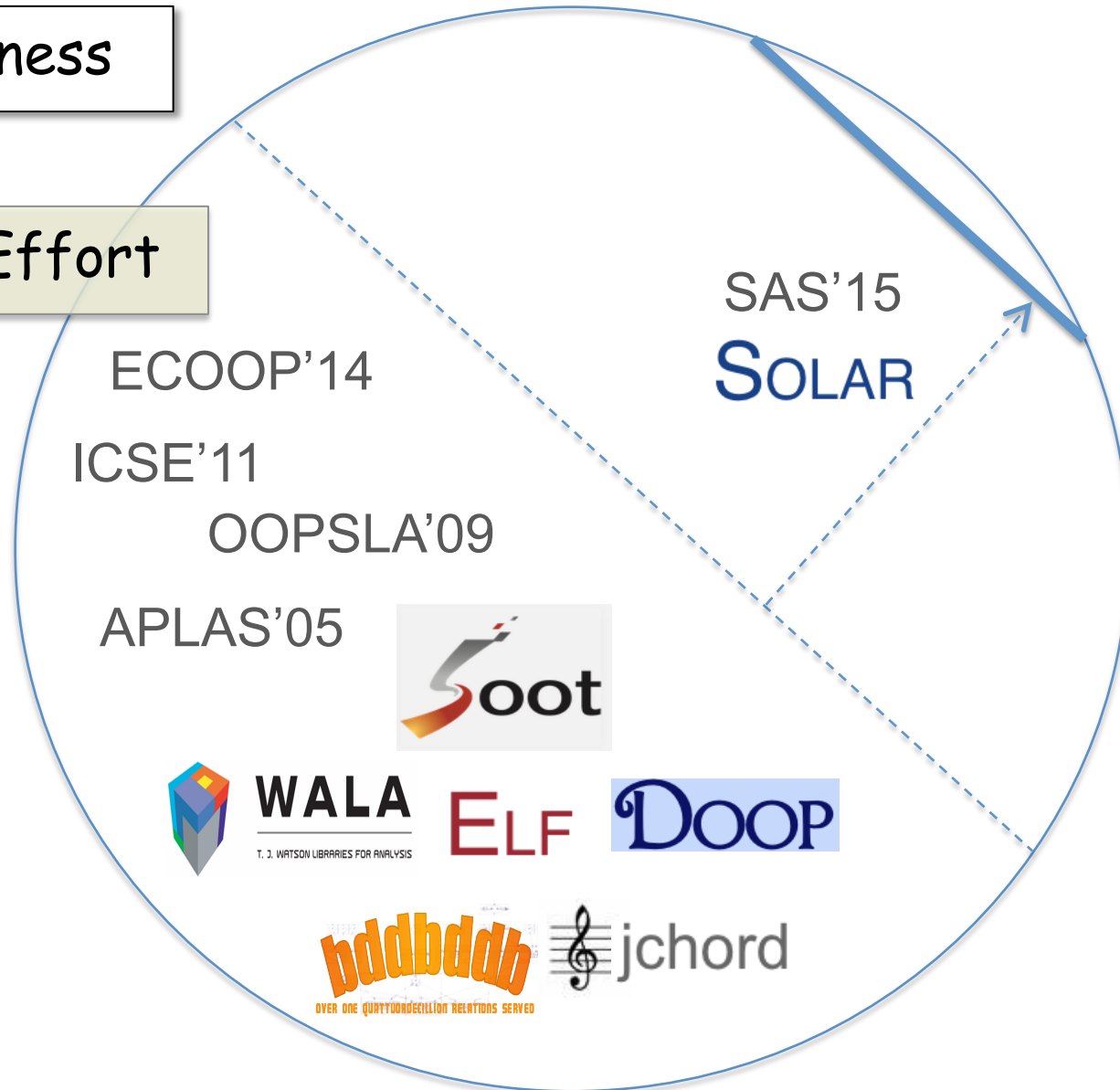
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 jchord

Soundness

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SAS'15  
**SOLAR**

1

More sound

Soundness

Best-Effort

Unsoundness

ECOOP'14

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SAS'15  
**SOLAR**

1 More sound



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1 More sound

2 Controllable

Soundness

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SAS'15  
**SOLAR**

Soundness-Guided

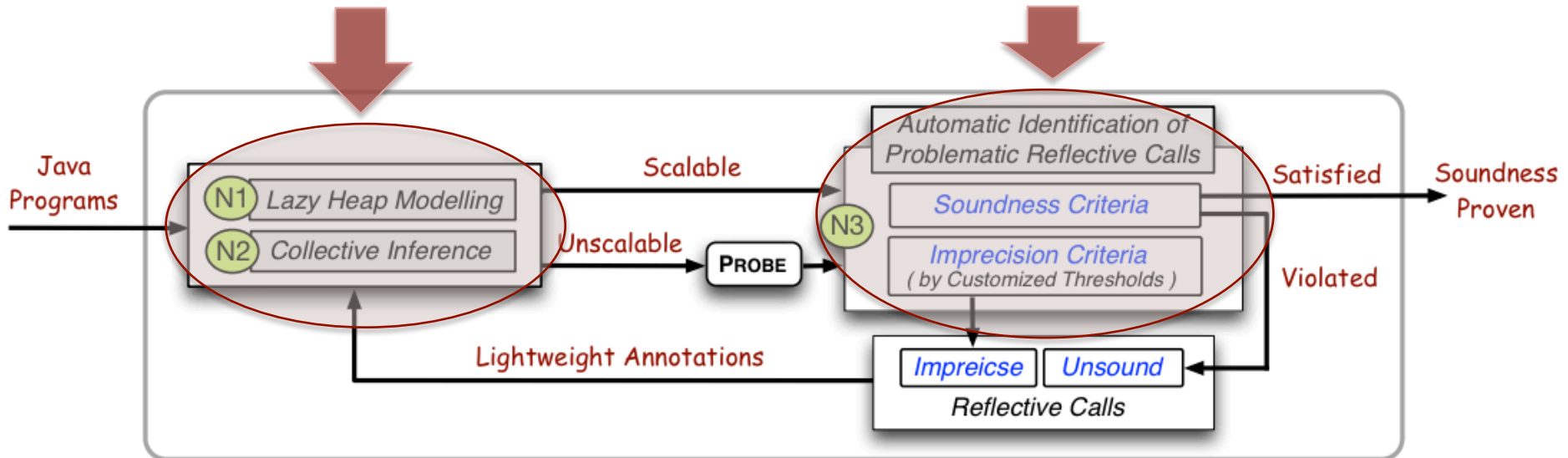
1 More sound

2 Controllable

# SOLAR

1 More sound

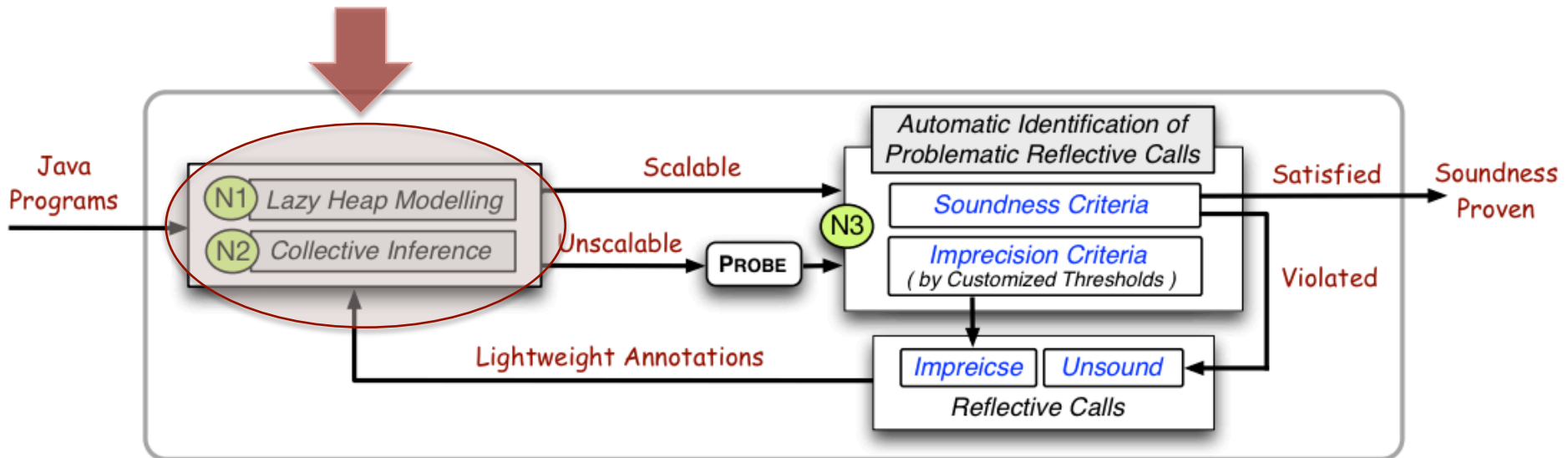
2 Controllable





# SOLAR

1 More sound



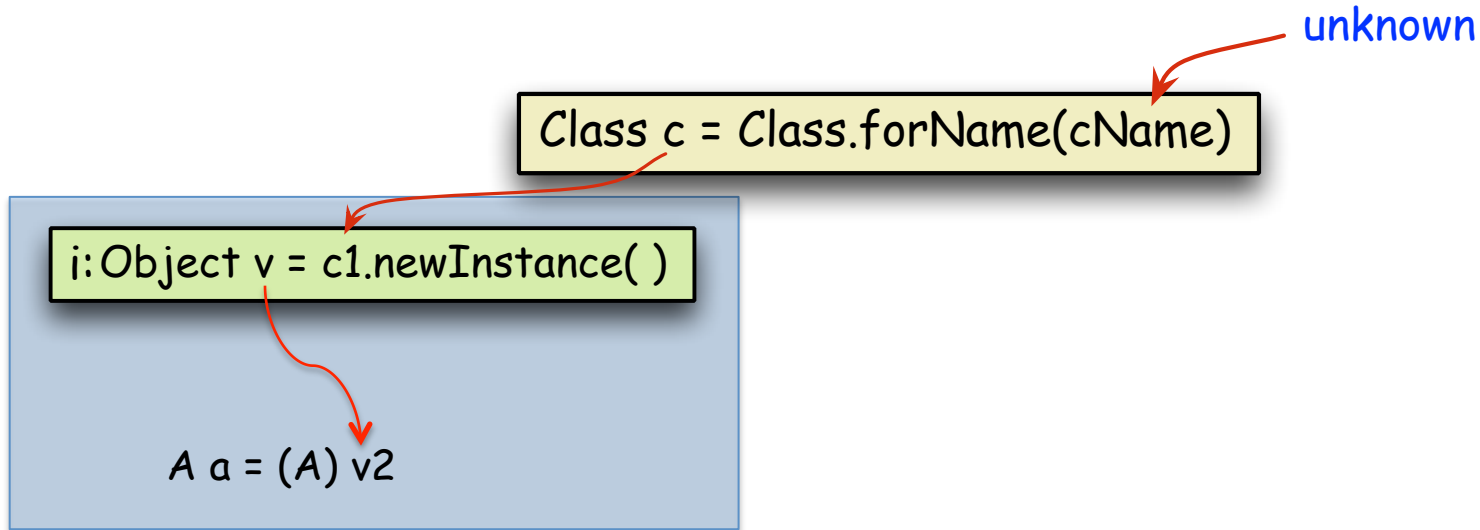
# The Challenging Problem

Class c = Class.forName(cName)

unknown

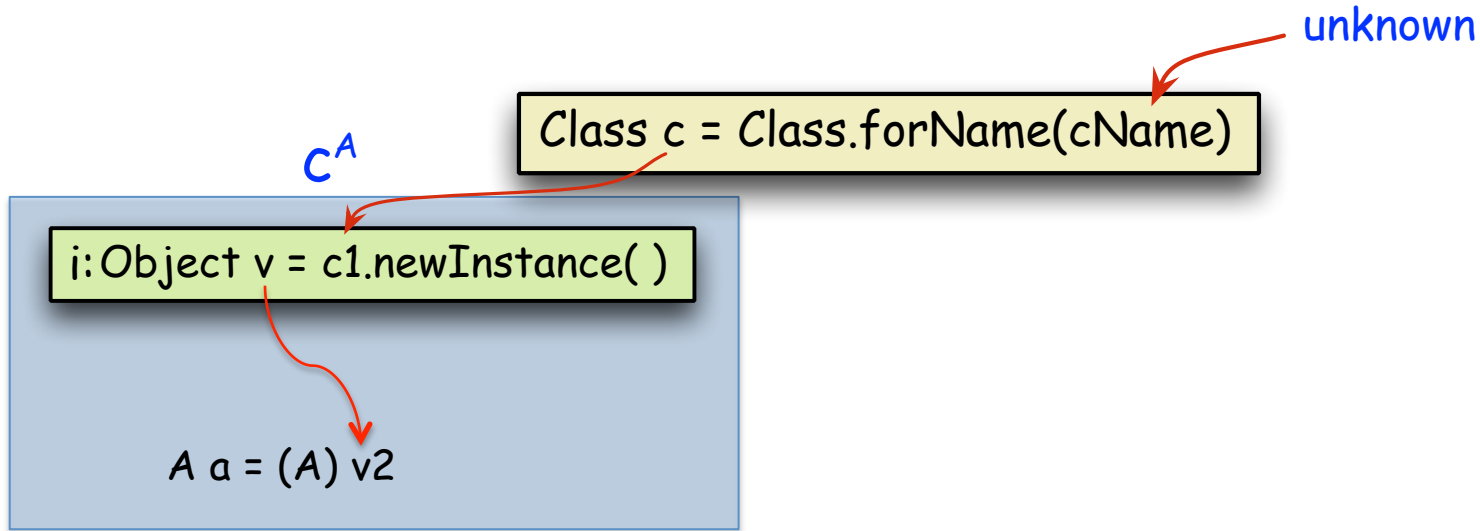
i:Object v = c1.newInstance( )

# Existing Approach



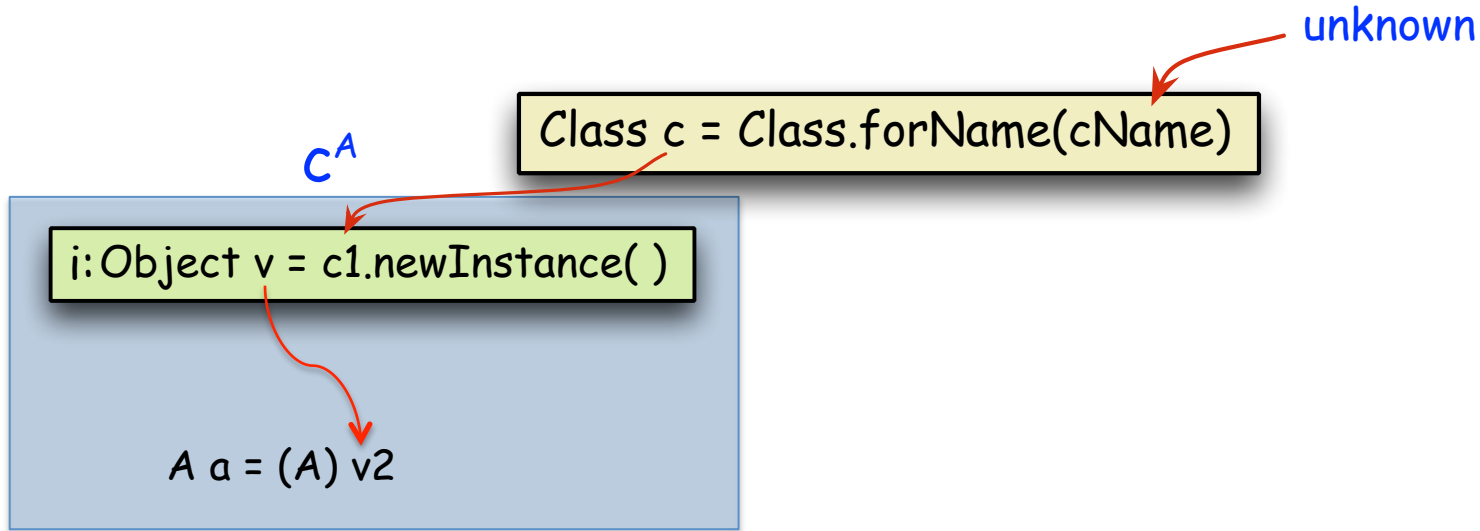
Intra-procedural post-dominant cast operations

# Existing Approach



Intra-procedural post-dominant cast operations

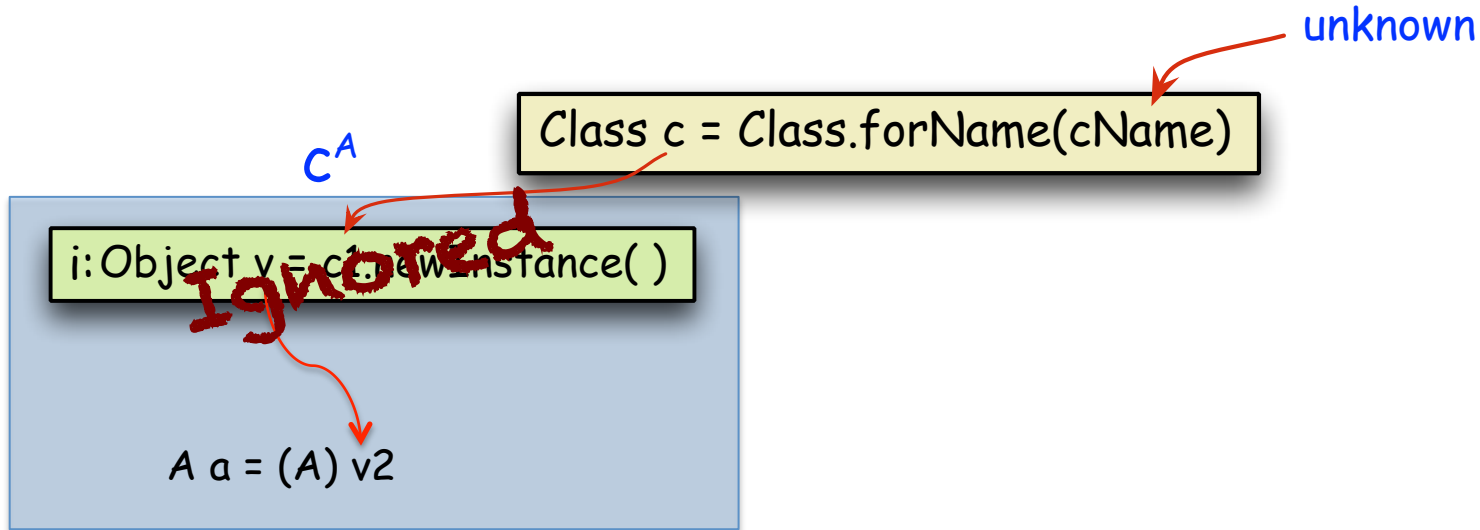
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Intra-procedural post-dominant cast operations

only works for this **intra-post-dominance** pattern

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Intra-procedural post-dominant cast operations

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# Lazy Heap Modeling (LHM)

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## Observation

*A reflectively created object  
(returned by newInstance())  
is usually **used in two cases** in practice*



# Lazy Heap Modeling (LHM)

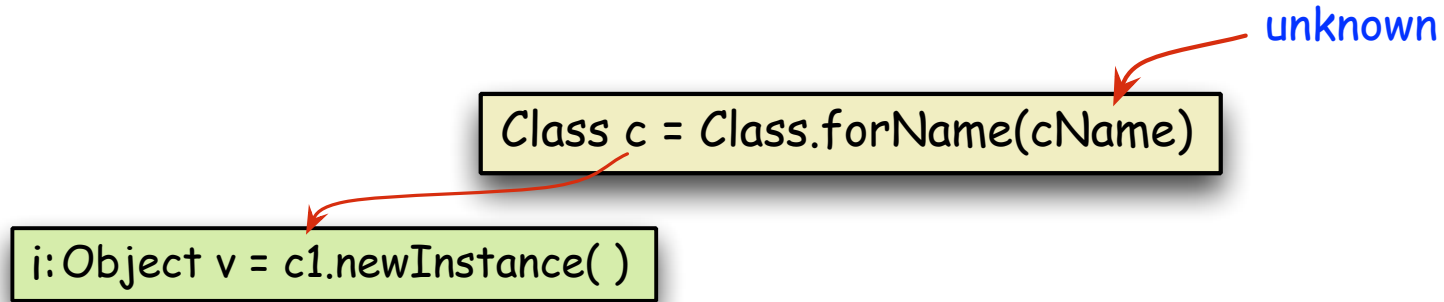
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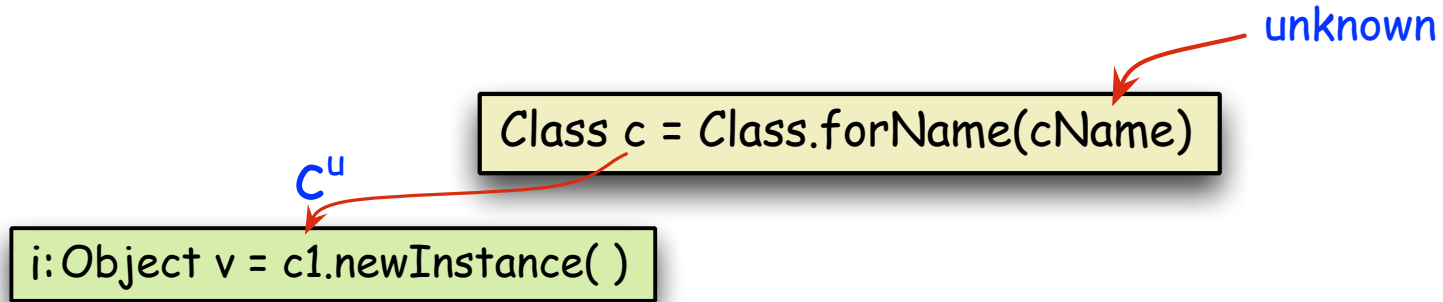
## Intuition

*The side effect of a newInstance() call  
can be modeled  
**lazily at these usage points***

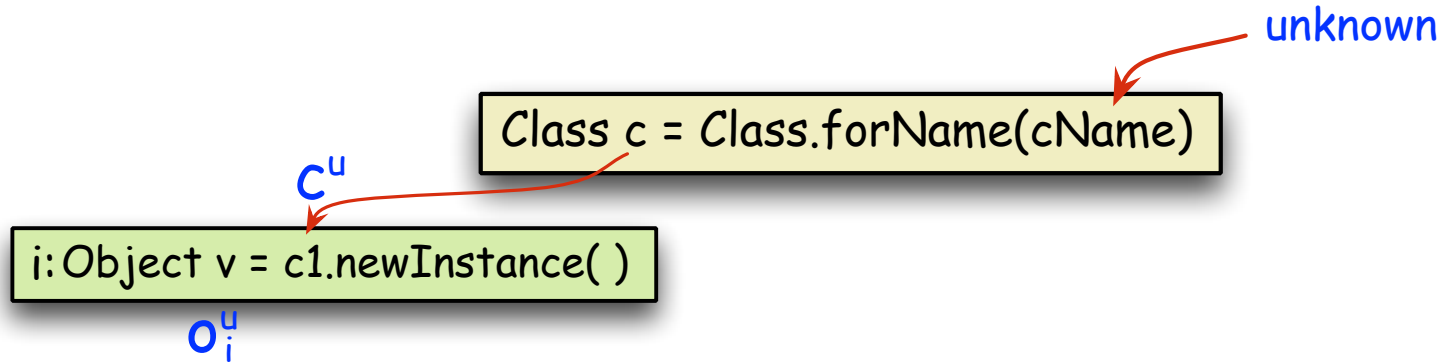
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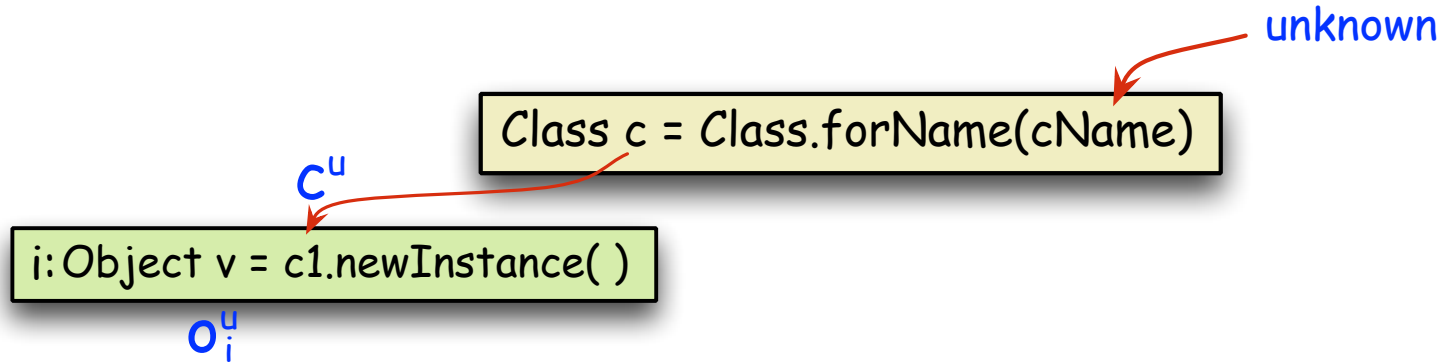
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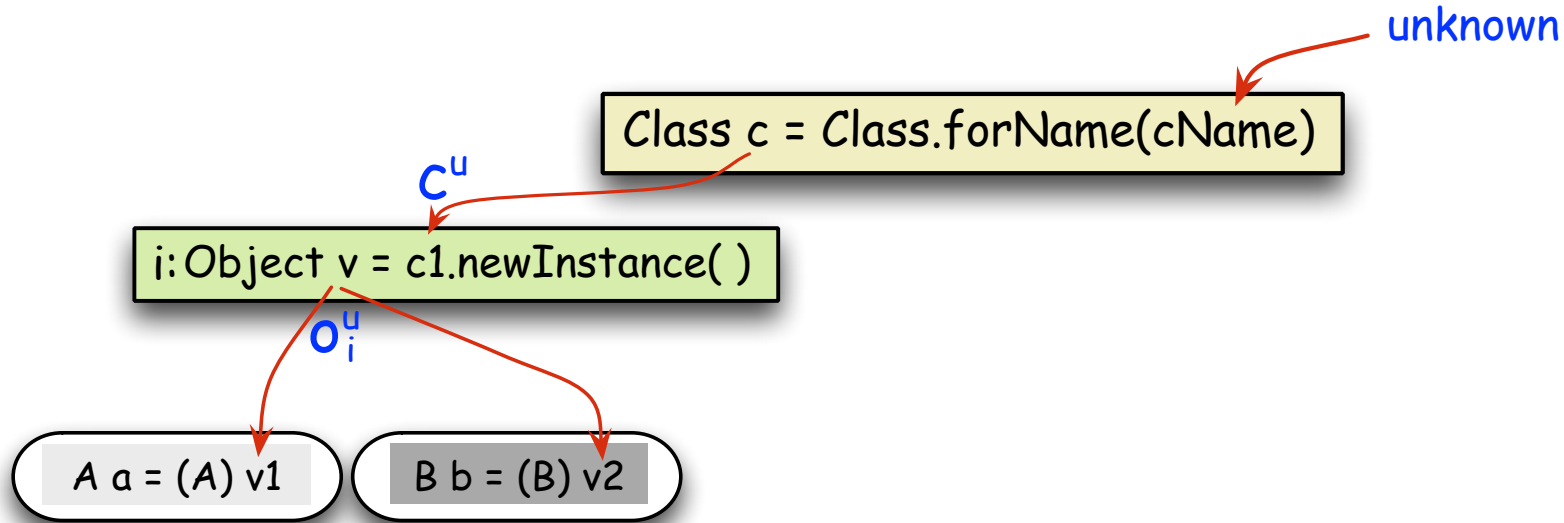


# Lazy Heap Modeling (LHM)



Abstract Heap Objects  
of `newInstance()`  
are created lazily  
( at LHM points )

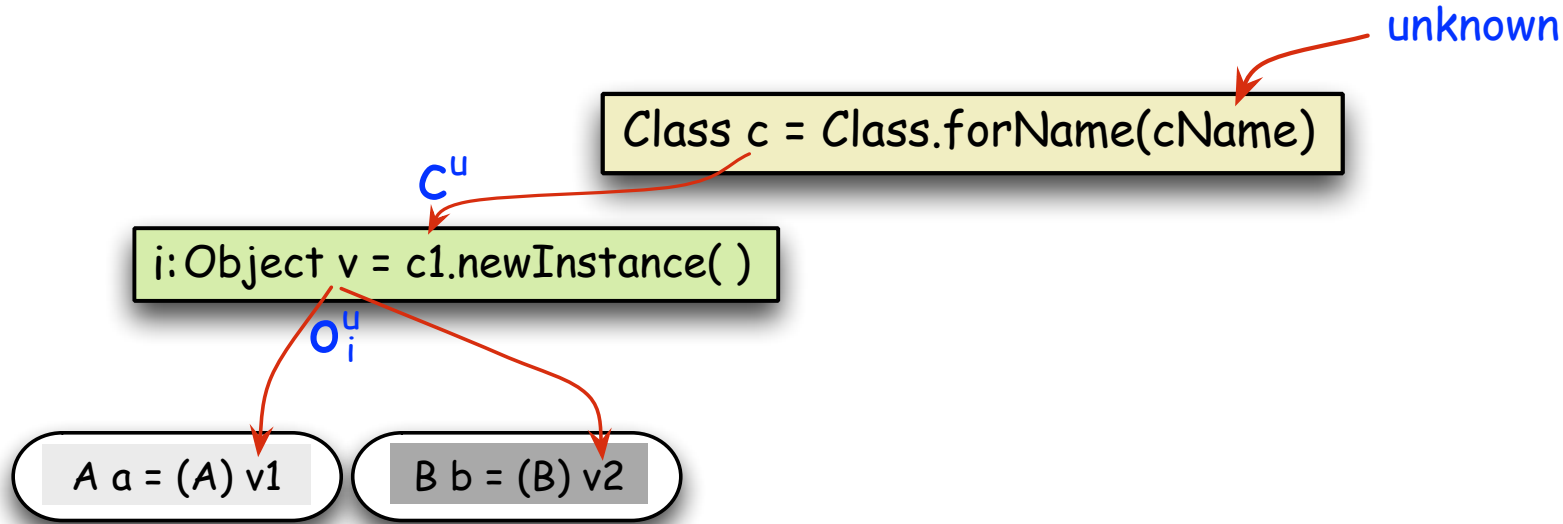
# Lazy Heap Modeling (LHM)



Case (I)

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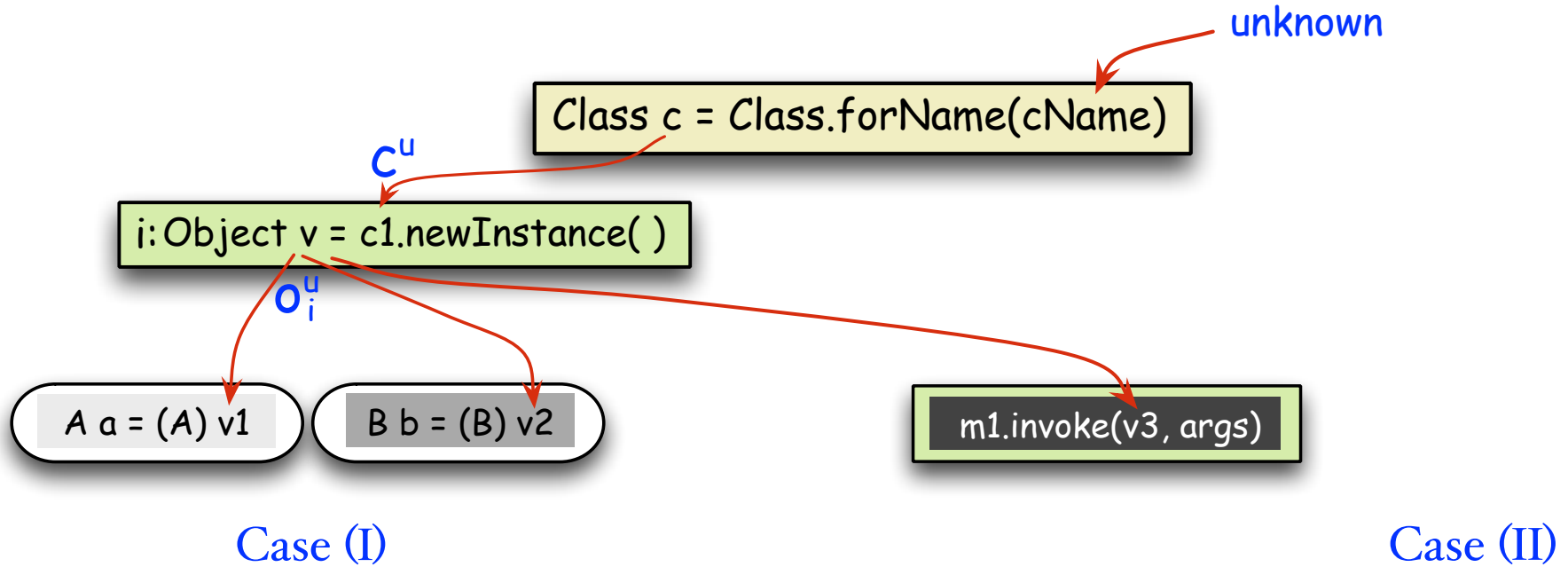


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Type	Object	Location	Pointed by
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B	$o_i^B$	i	b

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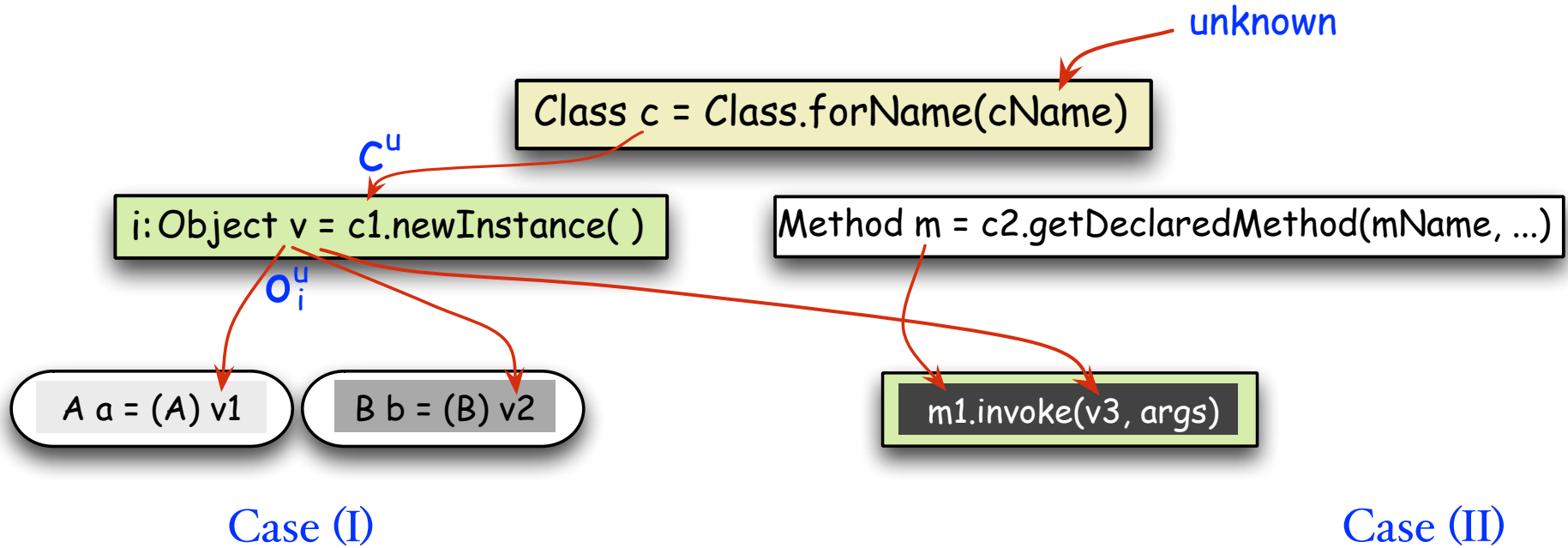


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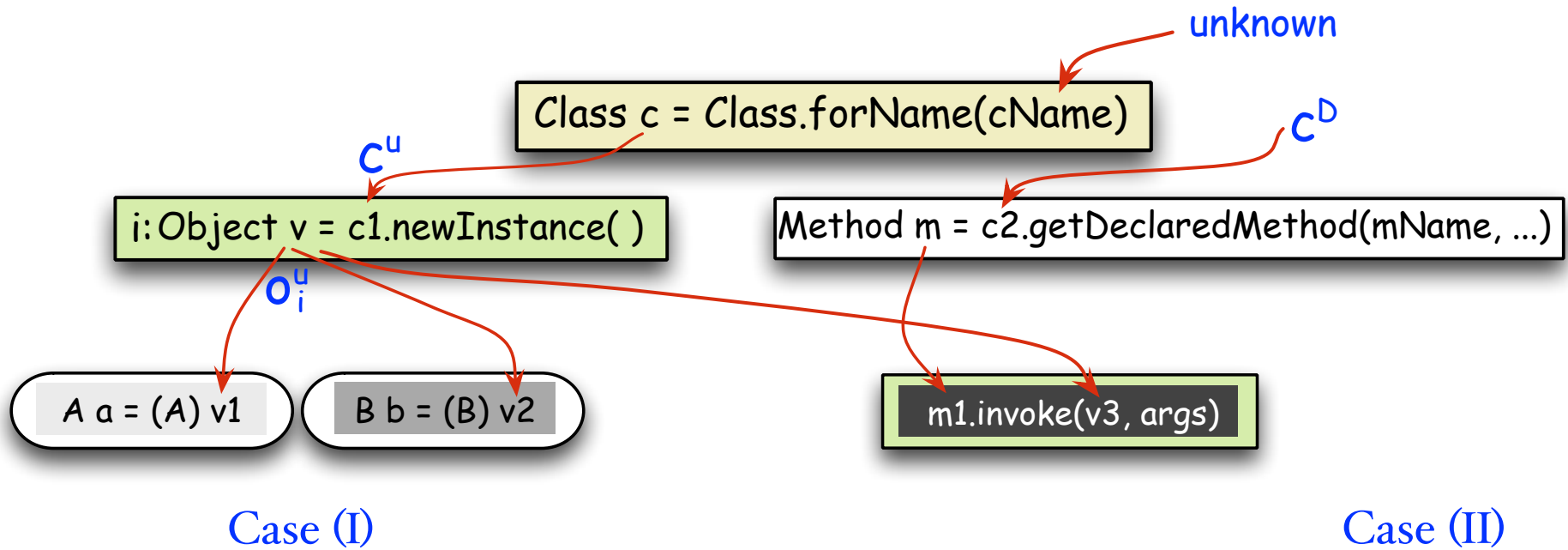
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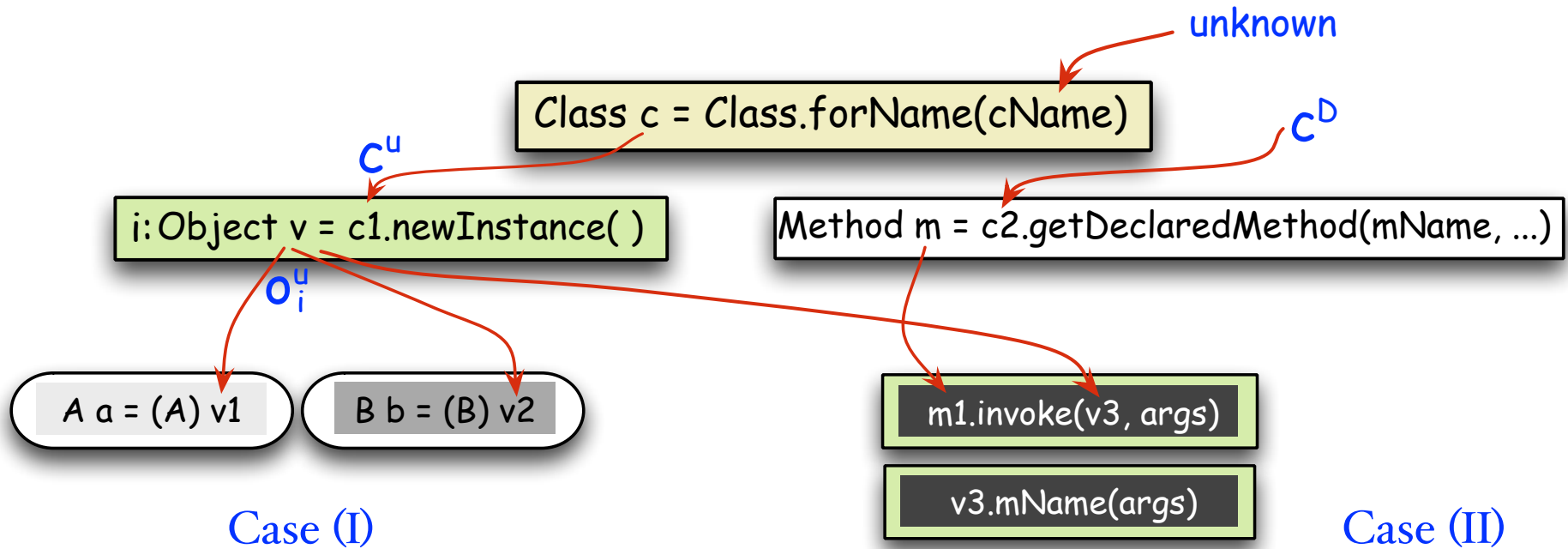
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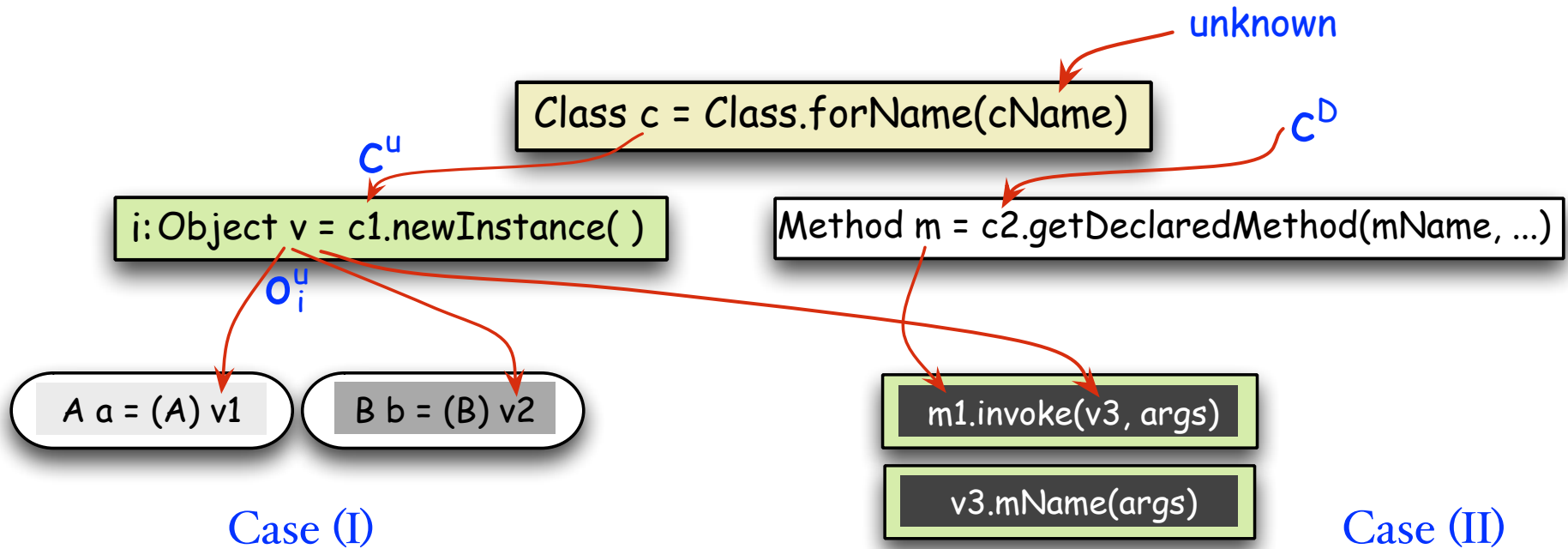
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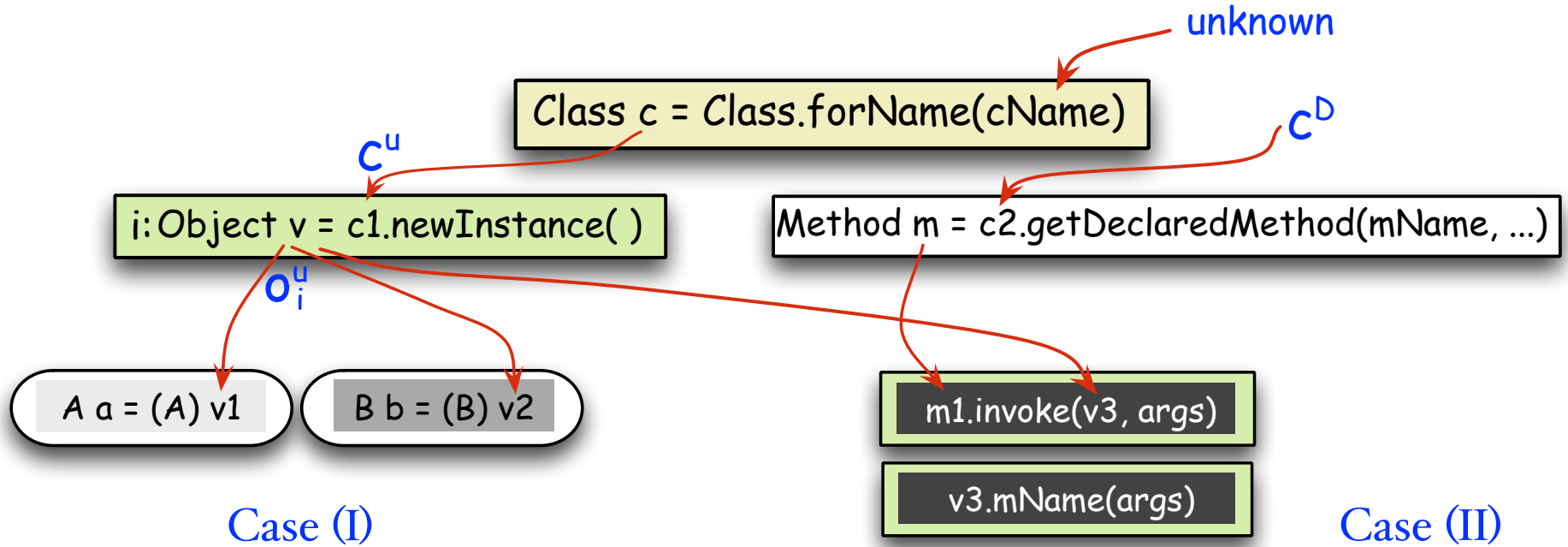
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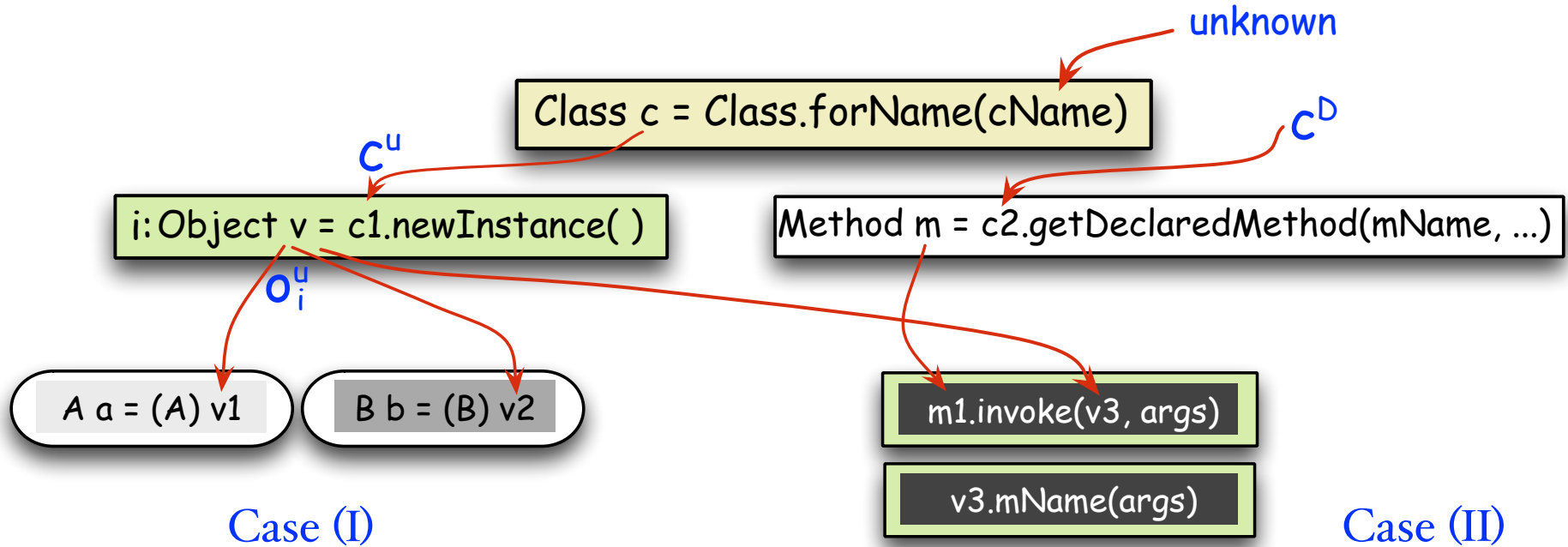


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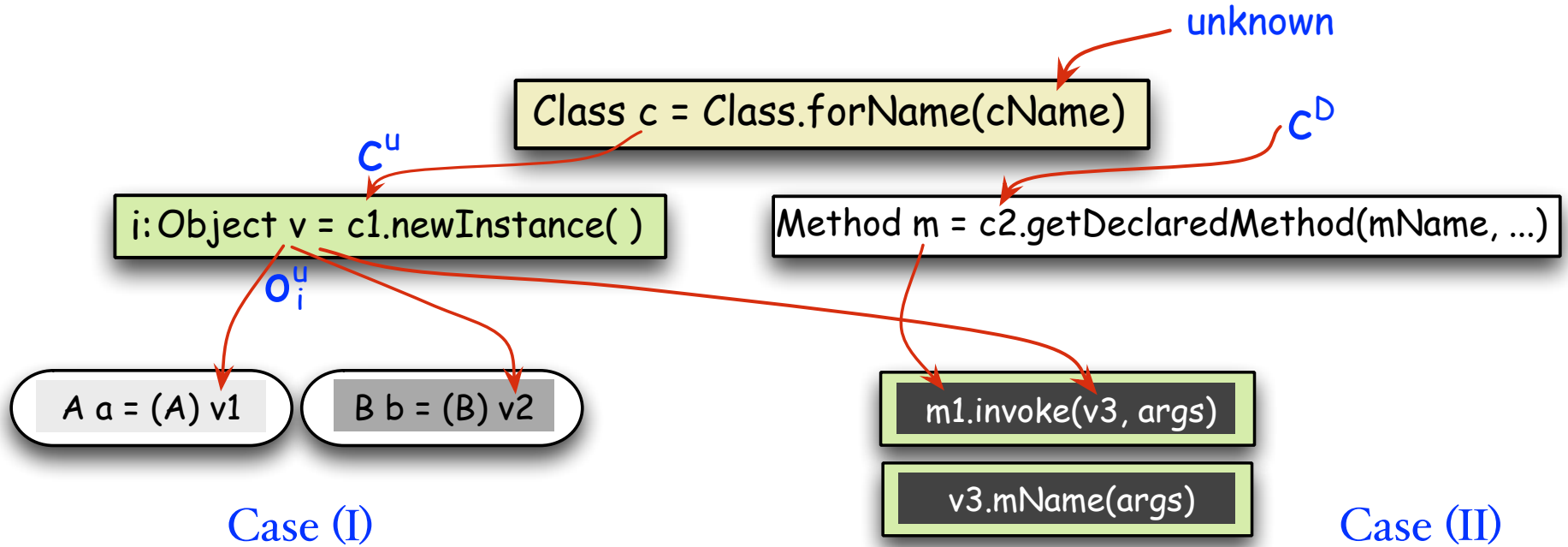


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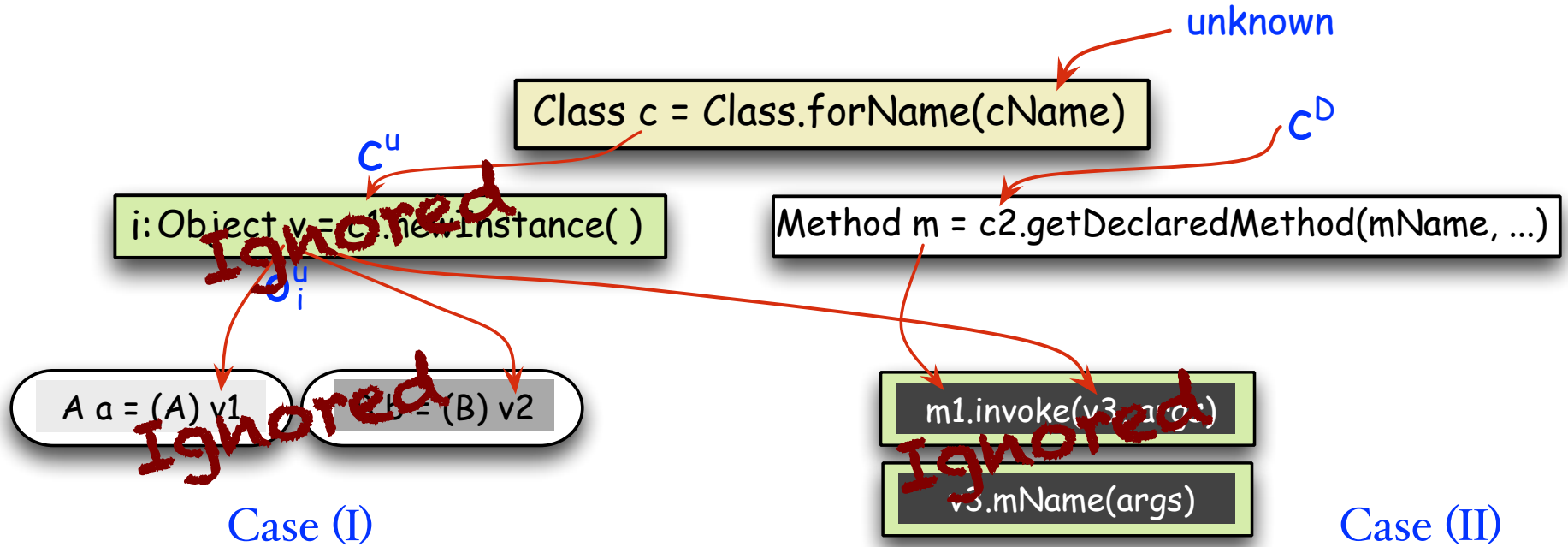
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?



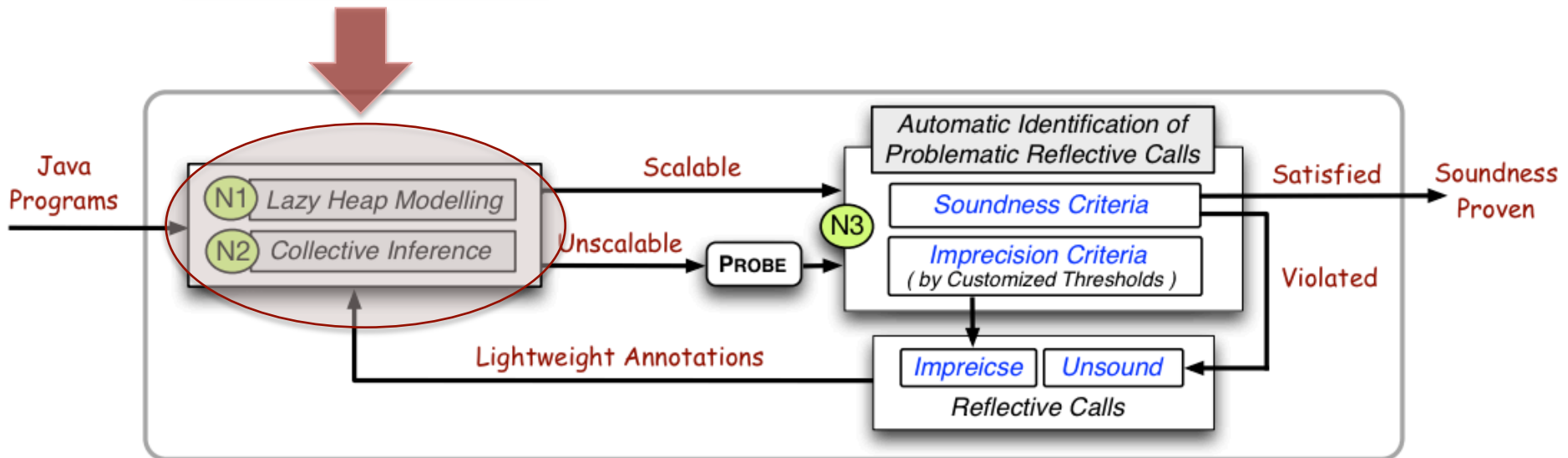
# Inference System of Solar

## Collective Inference

$o = newInstance() \iff m.invoke(o, \dots), f.get(o), f.set(o, \dots)$

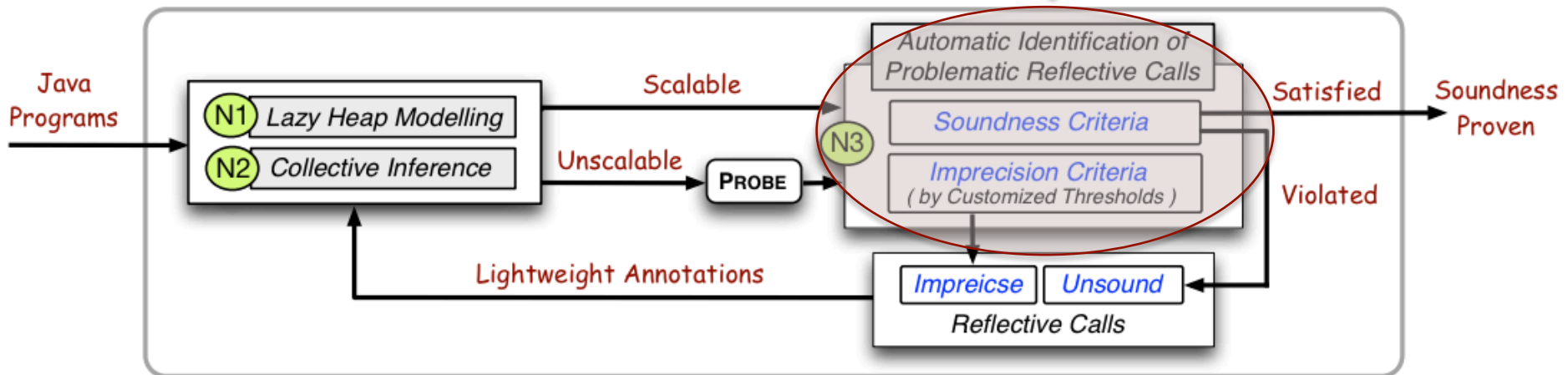
# SOLAR

1 More sound



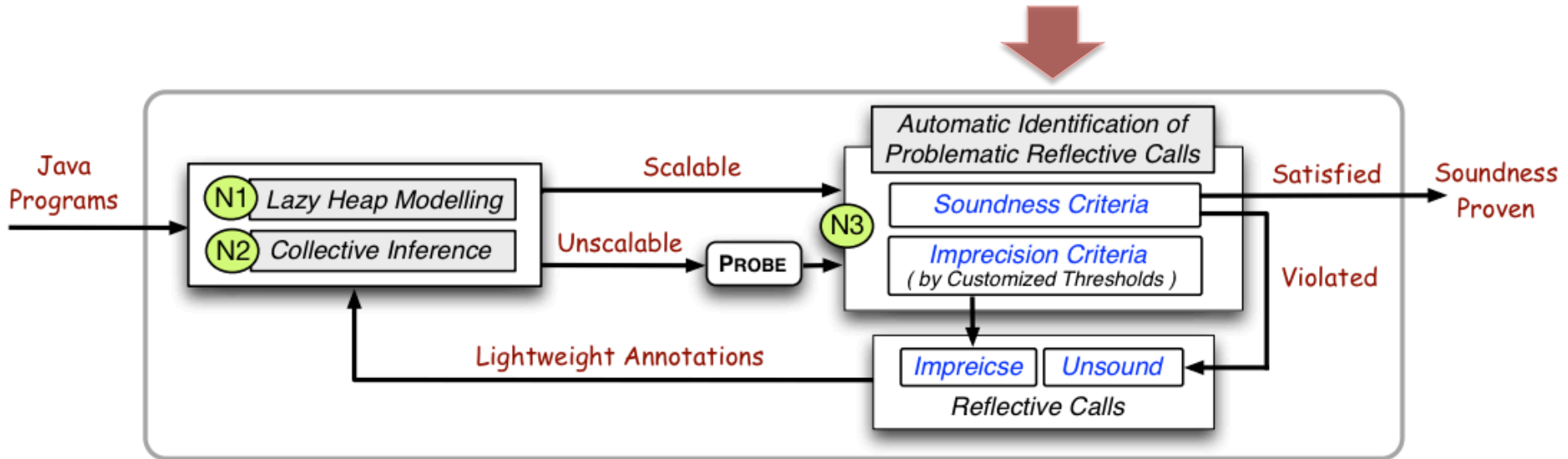
# SOLAR

## 2 Controllable



# SOLAR

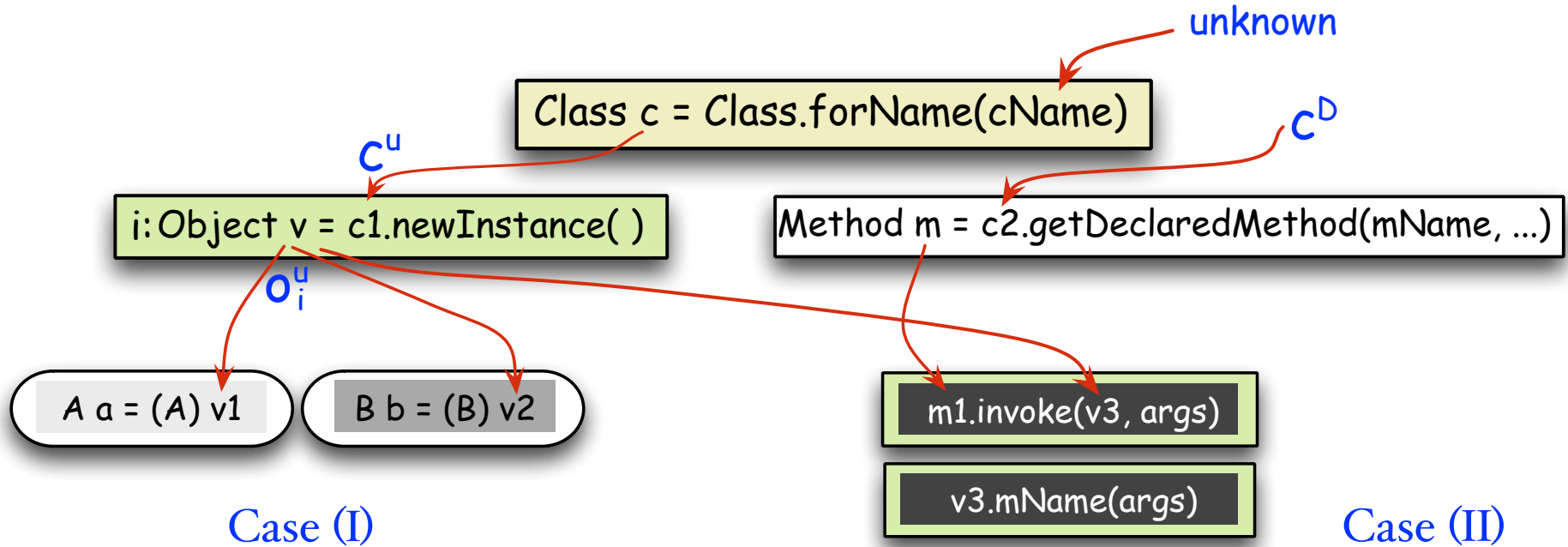
## 2 Controllable



*Soundness Criteria*

*If the information in a program is not enough to help infer the reflective targets, the soundness criteria is not satisfied*

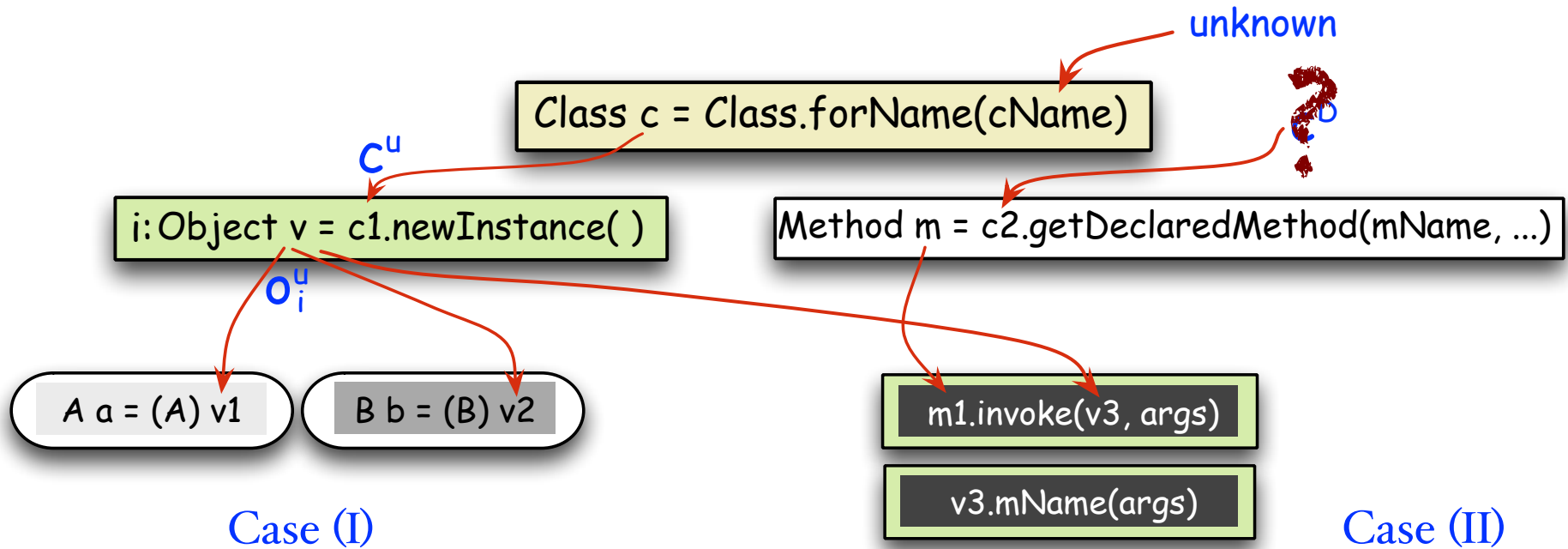
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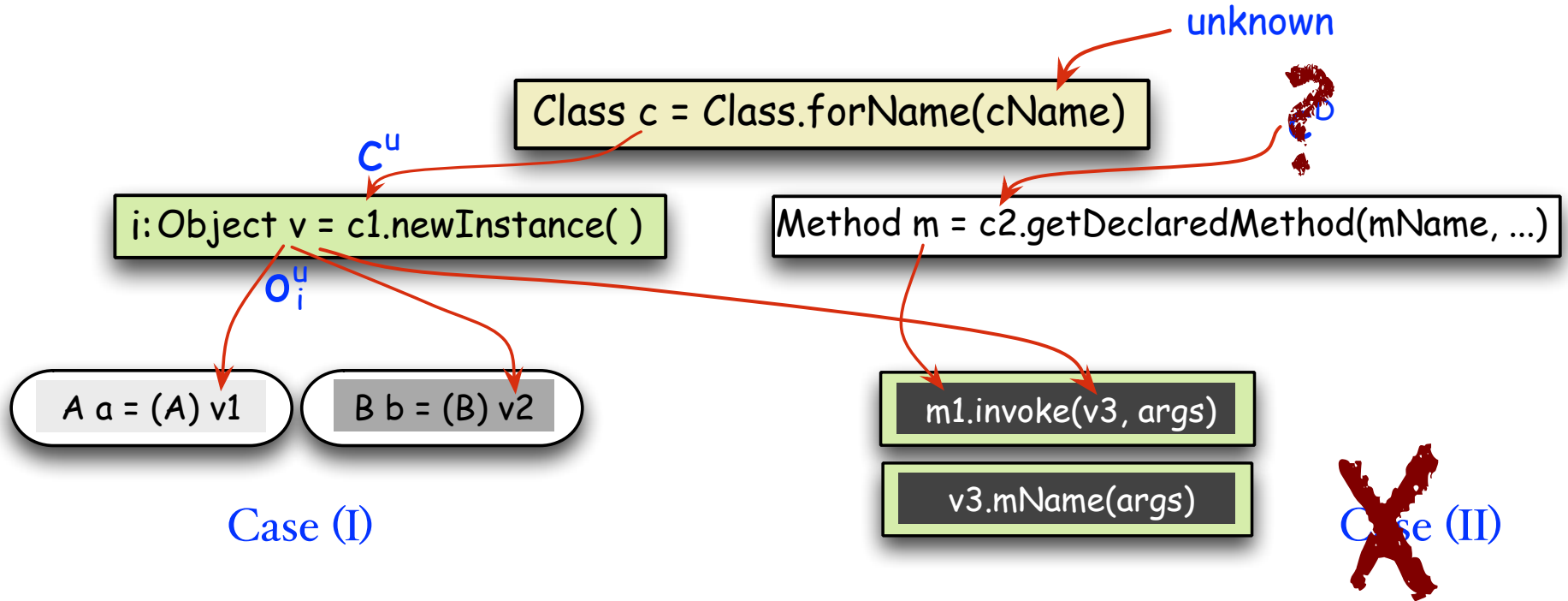
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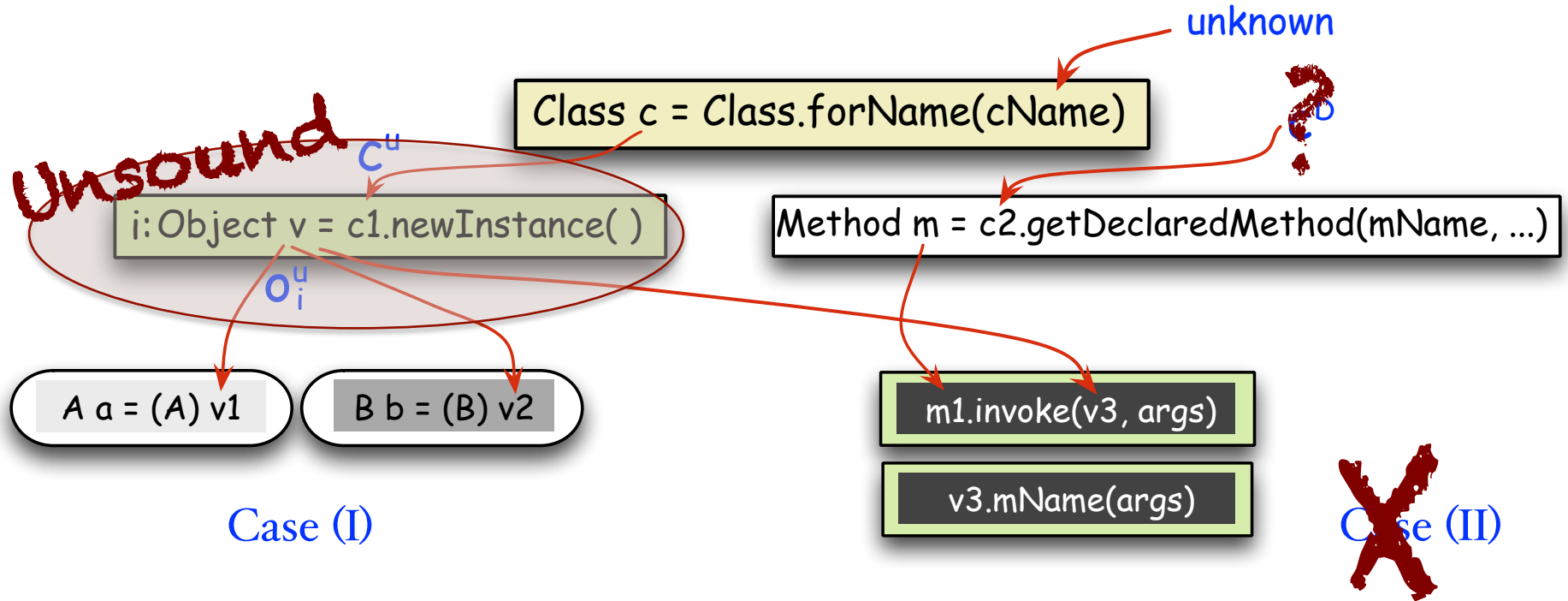
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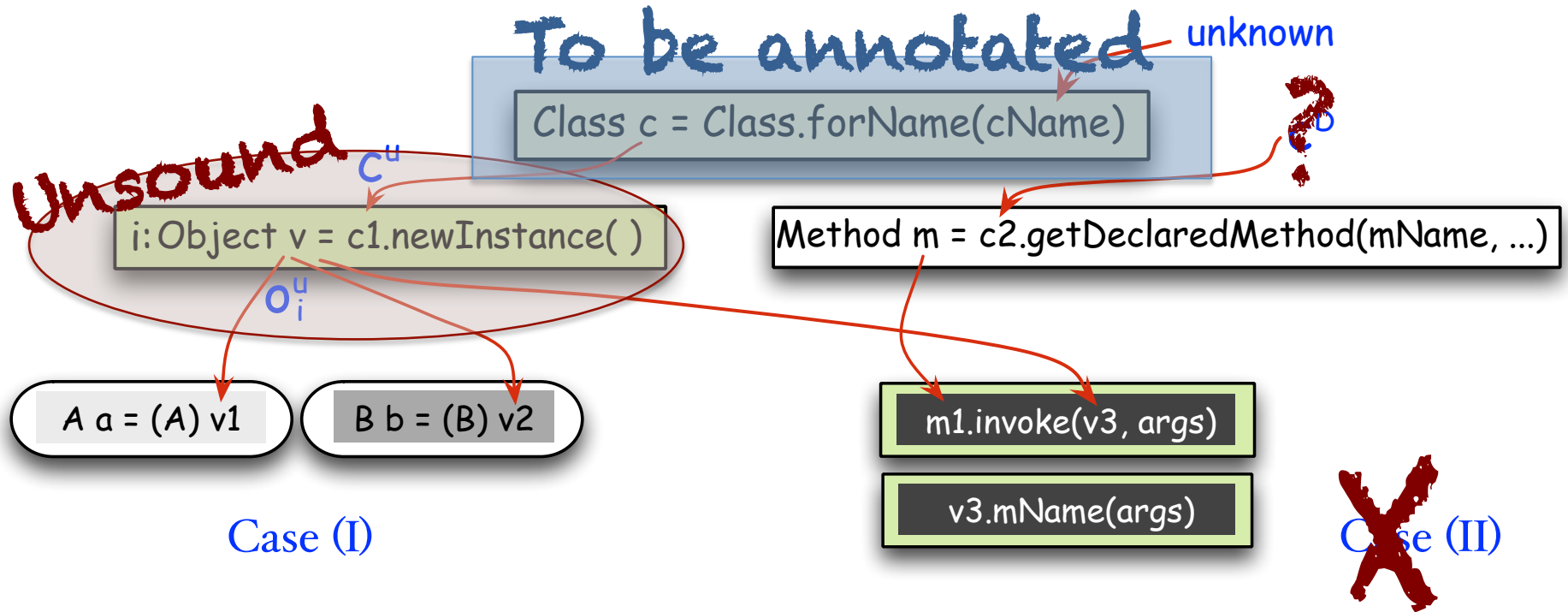


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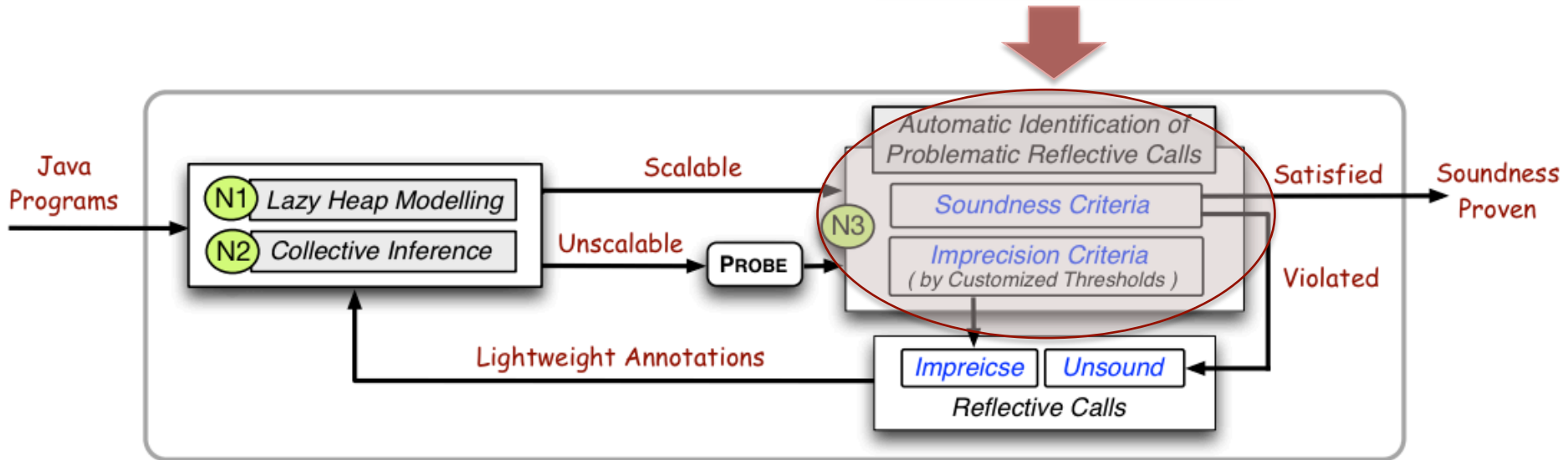


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# SOLAR

## 2 Controllable



*Soundness Criteria*

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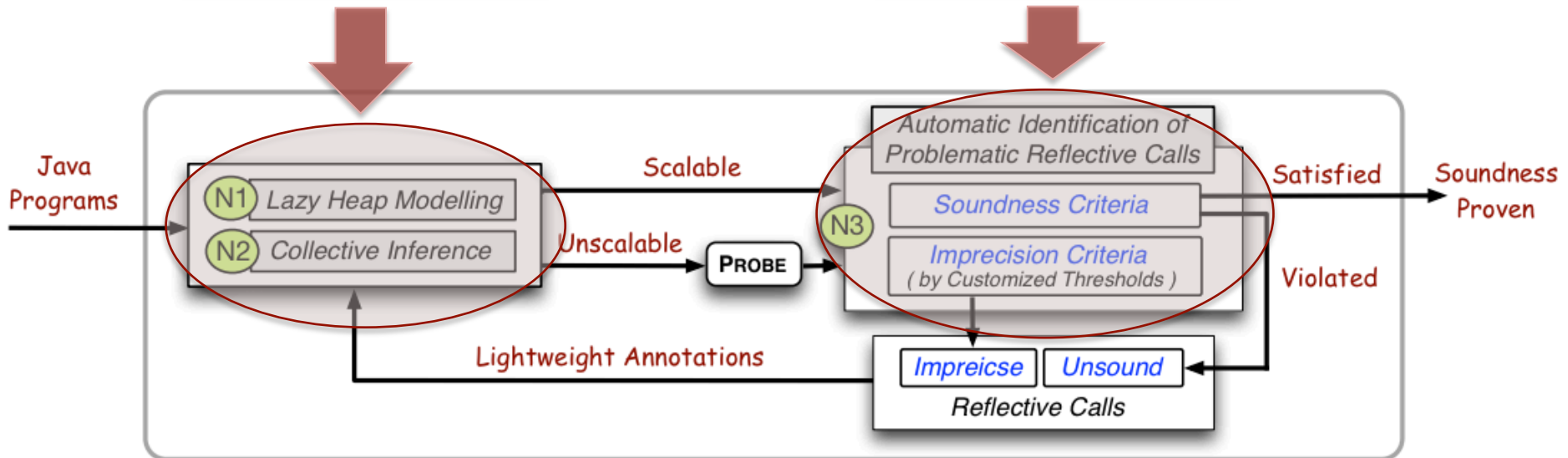
*Imprecision Criteria  
( by Customized Thresholds )*

*The number of the reflective targets resolved or inferred*

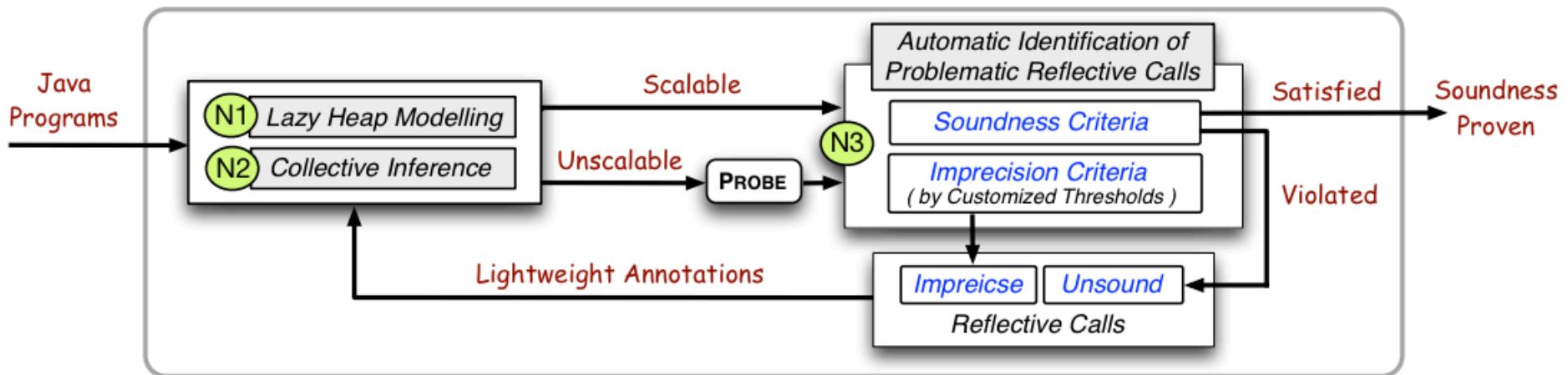
# SOLAR

1 More sound

2 Controllable



# SOLAR



# Evaluation

SOLAR vs DOOP  
ELF

# Evaluation

SOLAR vs DOOP  
ELF

Large real-world Java benchmarks and applications

Large and reflection-rich Java library: JDK 1.6

## 1 More sound

# Recall

**Recall:** measured by the number of **true** reflective targets discovered at reflective call sites that are **dynamically executed** under **certain inputs**

## 1 More sound

# Recall

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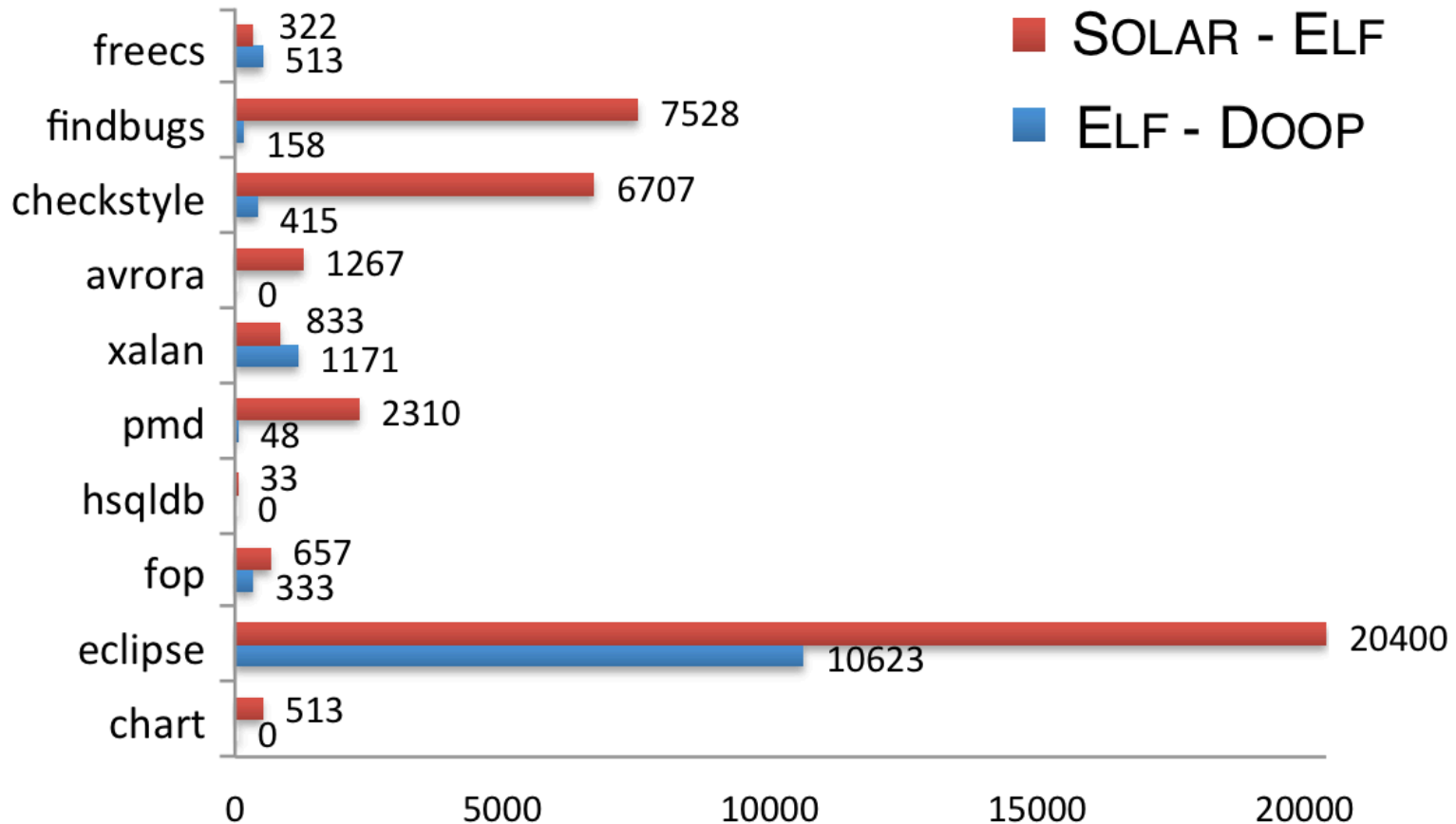
Only **Solar** achieves **total recall** :  
all the true reflective targets found in recall are resolved by Solar.



The benefit of achieving higher recall:  
more true call graph edges discovered

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more true call graph edges discovered

*The true call graph edges are computed by instrumentation at runtime*



*The figure shows the more true call graph edges found in recall by Solar than Elf (**Solar - Elf**) and by Elf than Doop (**Elf - Doop**)*

1 More sound

# Precision

**Insight:** Soundness  $\leftrightarrow$  precision.

Solar achieves higher recall (more sound), indicates worse precision ?

## 1 More sound

# Precision

**Insight:** Soundness  $\leftrightarrow$  precision.

Solar achieves higher recall (more sound), indicates worse precision ?

**No!**

Solar maintains nearly the same precision as Doop and Elf (2 popular clients).

# Precision

		chart	eclipse	fop	hsqldb	pmd	xalan	avrrora	checkstyle	findbugs	freecs	Average
Devir	DOOP	—	94.94	93.04	—	92.65	93.49	94.79	93.16	92.32	95.46	93.72
Call	ELF	93.53	88.07	92.34	94.80	92.87	92.70	94.50	93.19	92.53	94.94	92.93
(%)	SOLAR	93.51	87.69	92.26	94.51	92.39	92.65	92.43	93.39	92.37	95.26	92.63
Safe	DOOP	—	59.34	53.68	—	45.40	57.97	56.12	50.19	45.78	59.71	53.24
Cast	ELF	49.80	40.71	55.40	53.65	48.24	59.24	57.27	51.79	48.54	59.14	52.07
(%)	SOLAR	49.53	38.04	54.21	53.11	44.53	59.11	52.56	49.40	43.60	57.96	49.79

**Devir Call:** the percentage of the virtual calls whose targets can be disambiguated  
**Safe Case:** the percentage of the casts that can be statically shown to be safe

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After the **7** light-weight annotations, **Solar** can analyze these **3** programs scalably and soundly

## Performance

	chart	eclipse	fop	hsqldb	pmd	xalan	avrora	checkstyle	findbugs	freecs	<b>Average</b>
DOOP	–	321	779	–	226	254	188	256	718	422	–
ELF	3434	5496	2821	1765	1363	1432	932	1463	2281	1259	1930
SOLAR	4543	10743	4303	2695	2156	1701	3551	2256	8489	2880	3638

1 More sound

2 Controllable

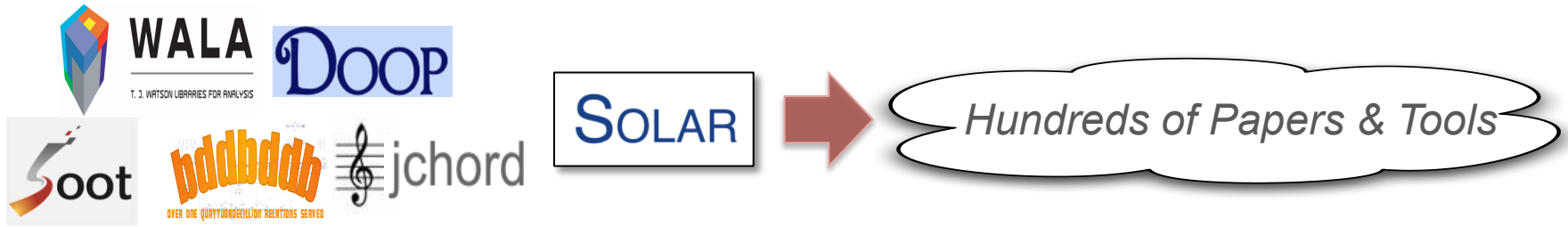
# Potential Impact

## 1 More sound



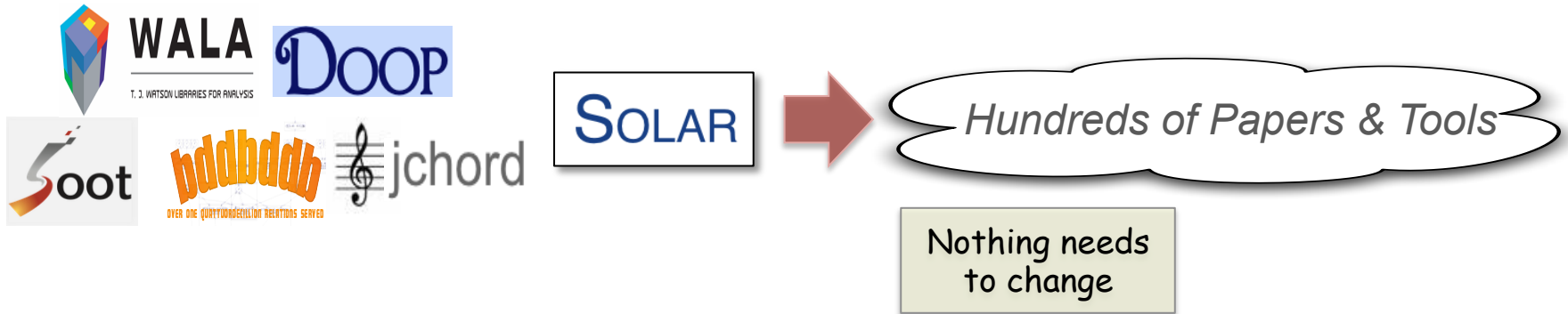
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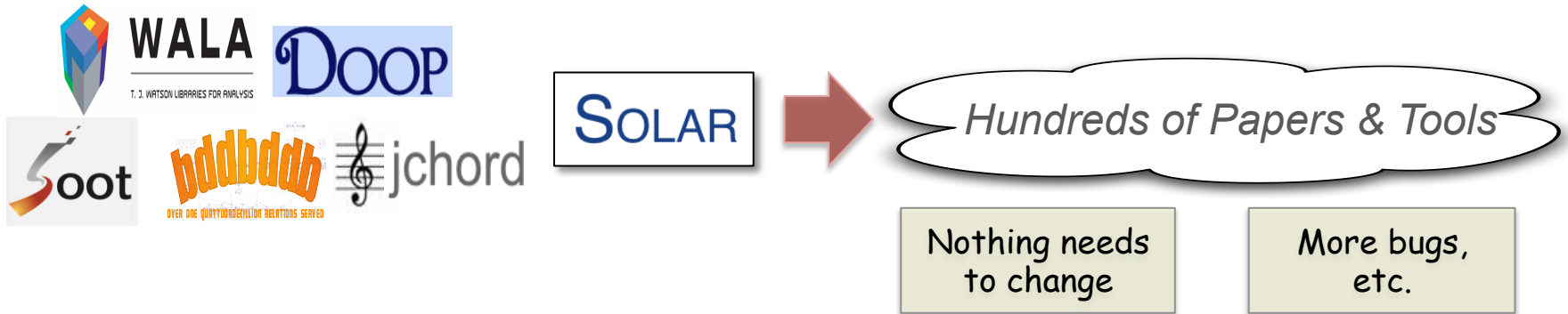
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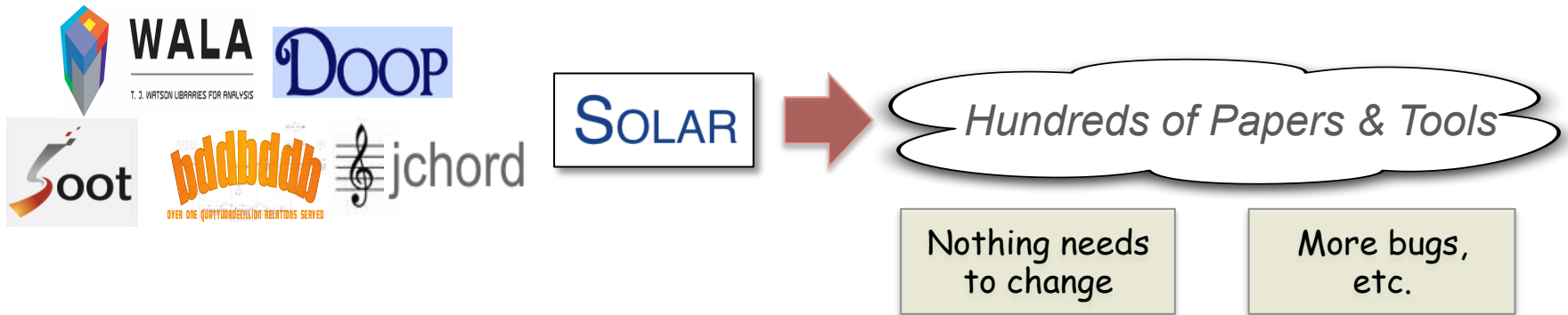
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## 1 More sound



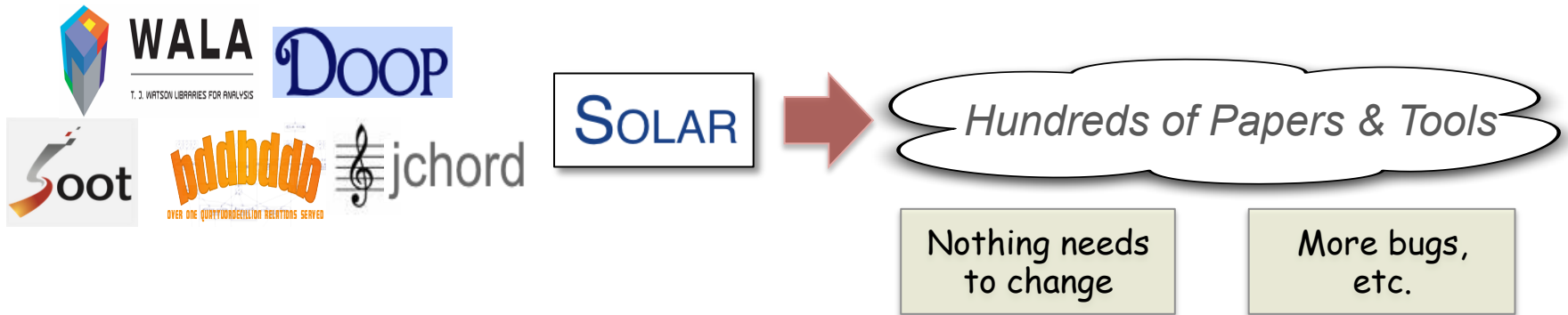
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- A static bug verification tool reports no bugs.

*4 reflective calls are identified unsoundly analyzed by Solar*

# Potential Impact

## 1 More sound



## 2 Controllable

- A static bug verification tool reports no bugs.  
*4 reflective calls are identified unsoundly analyzed by Solar*
- A static bug detection tool reports 10 bugs.  
*All reflective calls are reported soundly analyzed by Solar*

## SOLAR - Effective Soundness-Guided Reflection Analysis

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### Authors

[Yue Li](#) [Tian Tan](#) [Jingling Xue](#)



### Description

**SOLAR** is a static analysis framework that strives to automate sound reflection analysis for Java programs (under some assumptions) introduced in our paper titled "[Effective Soundness-Guided Reflection Analysis](#)", [SAS'2015](#). **SOLAR** can identify the places in a program where reflection is resolved unsoundly or imprecisely, enabling lightweight annotations to improve the quality of analysis and make the analysis controllable.

**SOLAR** is implemented on top of [ELF](#). To ease the understanding of the Datalog rules used in our implementation, we have rewritten the rules inherited from [ELF](#) and added new ones in a uniform manner. Users are expected to understand how different parts of the Java reflection API are handled easily and precisely when applying **SOLAR** to analyse their applications.

**SOLAR** can output its reflection analysis results with the format that is supported by [Soot](#). You can let [Soot](#) receive the results of **SOLAR** easily by following the instructions in the tutorial.

### Downloads

The tar.gz file includes four important files:

- tutorial: a step-by-step guide to installing **SOLAR** on top of [DOOP](#) (version r160113) by using the two patch files (available below). The main differences between **SOLAR** and **DOOP** are also summarised.
- solar.patch: a patch file for updating the Datalog rules and some auxiliary scripts used in **DOOP**.
- gen.patch: a patch file for updating the fact generator (version r958) provided by **DOOP**.
- `_Unknown_.class`: an auxiliary class which is used to introduce the Unknown type into the existing type system. In addition, this class will help **SOLAR** soundly model the pointer-affecting methods, such as `getClass()` and `toString()`, which are directly invoked on the unknown objects. See the comments in the `_Unknown_.java` file for details.
- [SOLAR-0.1.tar.gz](#)

### Acknowledgements

The authors wish to thank the [DOOP](#) team for making [DOOP](#) available, and LogicBlox Inc. for providing us its Datalog engine.

Static analysis for OO in practice ?

# Static analysis for OO in practice ?



## Reflection



# Thank You

Yue Li

*CORG @ UNSW, Australia*

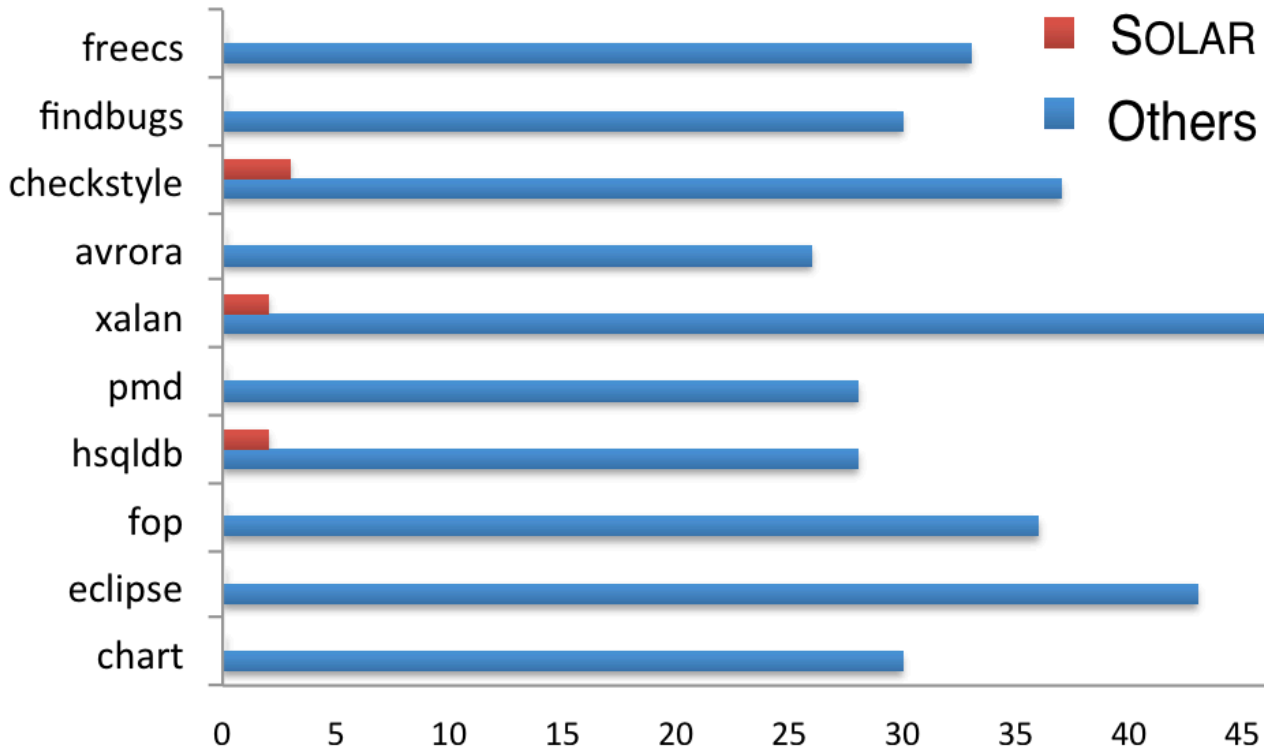
September 10, 2015

1 More sound

2 Controllable



Light-weight Annotations



The number of annotations required for improving the soundness of unsoundly resolved reflective calls. Others: 338 vs Solar: 7